

APPENDIX 4

DESCHUTES RIVER HABITAT
INVENTORY SUMMARY REPORT,
FEBRUARY 2020

2017 Deschutes River Habitat Inventory February 2020

Final Summary Report





Introduction

While the Deschutes River is an iconic recreation amenity for river users, it is also vital to the ecological diversity and aesthetic appeal of Bend. The Bend Park and Recreation District (district) owns approximately eight miles of river park frontage along the river corridor. As population, tourism, and recreational use of the river has increased over the recent years, the district is recognizing the increasing challenges of balancing river recreation demands with aesthetic and environmental protection of the riparian areas along the river.

In late 2017 and into early 2018, the district partnered with the Upper Deschutes Watershed Council (UDWC) to evaluate the condition of river banks, riparian areas, and upland areas. Through this effort, in addition to identifying existing conditions, staff developed site-specific recommendations to improve habitat and recreational access. The long-term goals of this initiative were to protect and restore the habitat along the river's riparian corridor and identify and create sustainable access points to the river.

This report summarizes the results of the condition assessment and identifies project priorities. Appendix A contains the condition assessment worksheets. Appendix B – UDWC Board Presentation 2-13-18 includes a map of the reaches and photos documenting the conditions in each reach.

Methodology

Process for Data Collection

Expertise from UDWC staff was instrumental in development of the process and products for the assessment.

In partnership with UDWC staff, BPRD staff identified 10 reaches along the eight miles of district-owned property that would be subject to this evaluation. Reaches were further divided into 50- to 300-footlong sections within those reaches. BPRD staff collected field data in December 2017 and January 2018 using a reach condition assessment scoring sheet. This allowed staff to document the condition of the riparian areas in and adjacent to the river and better understand the existing habitat and ecological value. Each of these scoring sheets are included in Appendix A and provide critical details to inform this report.



Figure 1: Map of Reaches and Parks

Table 1: Park properties by reach number

Reach	Park(s)
1	River Rim Park
2	Farewell Bend Park (upriver of Bill Healy Bridge)
3	Farewell Bend Park (between the footbridge and Bill Healy Bridge)
	Riverbend Park (between the footbridge and Bill Healy Bridge)
4	Farewell Bend Park (downriver of the footbridge)
	Riverbend Park (downriver of the footbridge)
	Off-leash Dog Area (note that this is private property, BPRD holds an easement)
5	McKay Park
	Miller's Landing
	Columbia Park
6	Drake Park
	Harmon Park
	Pageant Park (note that Pageant Park is not named separately from Harmon Park in the
	analysis)
	Brooks Park
7	Pacific Park
	Pioneer Park
	First Street Rapids Park
	(Note that Riverside Natural Area and Riverview Park were not assessed)
8	Sawyer Park
9	River Canyon (Archie Briggs Natural Area)
10	Riley Ranch Nature Reserve

Analysis Methodology

BPRD and UDWC identified conceptual projects that would improve habitat conditions and consolidate and improve recreational access. The conceptual park projects include site development or repair at river access points (e.g., rebuilding beaches, placing rocks or logs to better define access sites), riparian protection (e.g., fencing to limit the growth of informal access points) and other measures to protect the river ecology.

In addition, BPRD and UDWC collaborated to prioritize projects according to the expected level of benefit, and whether the projects would be suitable for grant funding. Order of magnitude costs were also estimated.

Reach Condition Assessment Components

Reach condition assessment scoring sheets were utilized to evaluate the 10 study areas along the Deschutes River. Each scoring sheet includes details regarding the reach, environmental conditions experienced during the data collection and specific data collected during the site visits. The specific data is divided into seven categories, each of which has sub categories. These categories and subcategories are further described and explained below.

Table 2: Definition of terms found in the reach condition assessment scoring sheets

Term	Description
Channel Condition	
Channel type	Channel type describes the velocity of the water in the river.
	Slack water: no perceivable movement or flow. In a river this usually only occurs near the bank or on the downstream side of an obstruction.
	Slow water: barely perceivable movement.
	Run: area of increased velocity from constriction of the channel or gradient.
	Riffle: an area of increased velocity over a shallow bottom. Imagine fast, thin water 'riffling' over small rocks.
	Rapid: defined as the presence of whitewater. Aeration caused by disruption makes the water appear white.
Pool types	Describing a pool of calm water. Significant for habitat.
	Dam pool: a pool created on the upstream side of an obstruction.
	Scour pool: a pool created on the downstream side of an obstruction, from scour effect.
	Riffle pool: a pool created on the upstream side of a riffle.
In-water habitat	Indicates significant presence of any of the listed types: rocks, wetlands, large woody debris (LWD) or undercut bank.
Bank Condition	
Length of segment	Segments were determined in the field based on a transition of characteristics such as an abrupt change in topography, vegetation, or visible markers such as bridges.
Presence of wetlands	Wetland is used here generically to refer to aquatic habitats, independent of any local/national wetland inventory or official wetland delineation.

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Manmade structures	Manmade structures are listed.
Erosion	Existing erosion on riverbanks.
Stability	Bank stability indicates potential for further erosion.
Width of bank	Measured in feet perpendicular to the river's edge.
Compaction	Level of soil compaction. Indicates potential for further
	erosion.
Riparian Vegetation (Riparian Zone)	
Percent coverage of viable	An estimate of the actual riparian area out of the total area that could be riparian. For example, 100 ft of river bank has 50 ft of riparian habitat and 50 ft of mud. This would be 50%. If a 100ft section of river had 50 ft of riparian habitat and 50 ft of sheer cliffs, it would be 100%.
In-water vegetation	Count of the following species: cattail, grasses, lily, rush and sedge.
Ground cover	Count of the following species: forget me not, golden rod, grass, strawberry.
Trees/shrubs	Count of the following species: ash, birch, bitterbrush, cherry, chokecherry, cottonwood, currant, dogwood, elderberry, huckleberry, juniper, locust, manzanita, maple, mountain alder, Oregon grape, ponderosa, rose, raspberry, rabbitbrush, sage, serviceberry, snowberry, spirea, sumac, willow, yarrow, developed (note that "developed" indicates planted and irrigated areas such as lawns and landscaping).
Upland Vegetation (Upland Zone)	pianted and irrigated areas sacin as lawns and landscaping).
Percent coverage of viable	An estimate of the actual upland vegetation coverage for the
referre coverage of viable	entire area that could have upland vegetation.
Ground cover	Count of species (same species as above in Riparian Vegetation).
Trees/shrubs	Count of species (same species as above in Riparian Vegetation).
Access Points	
Quantity	Total quantity of access points, including both designated and user created. An access point includes anything from hardened deliberate access point to a narrow trail. Please note that the number of access points does not match those found in the <i>Inventory of Recreational Use at Parks on the Deschutes River</i> , due to differences in methodology.
Large Woody Debris (LWD) Detail	
Number of	Total quantity of tightly packed clusters of trees (such as a large log and smaller pieces together), many have been placed deliberately and anchored.
River Bank	
River Right (RR)/River Left (LL)	Facing downstream, river left is on your left and vice versa.

Data Analysis

Findings for all Reaches

The assessment gave rise to the following key themes:

- Impact areas tell us where people access the river.
- Foot traffic from humans and canines degrades habitat.
- The rate of impact to vegetation is outpacing the rate of recovery.
- Good fencing makes a substantial difference: double-rail fencing is much more effective than single-rail fencing.
- The stewardship solution is clear: Durable access sites at strategic locations, double-rail fencing, dense plantings, signage to direct traffic, and public outreach to educate the community about sustainable access.

Findings by Reach

This section includes a summary of the reach condition assessment results. The data recorded for each reach is summarized below and includes conditions, restoration opportunities, and project priority.

Reach 1 - River Rim Park

Reach 1 is 686 feet long and includes River Rim Park.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded:

- Channel condition. In-water habitat includes rocks and large woody debris.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in this reach. Erosion is moderate, bank stability is bad, soil is somewhat compacted.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 50% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation covers 25% of viable area.
- Access. Manmade structures include an irrigation pump. There are nine access points in the reach. The reach is used as a put in for kayakers.

Restoration Opportunities

The following restoration opportunities were identified:

- Armor access points for kayak launch.
- Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs.
- Safety signage for downstream rapids.
- Build steps from entry down hillside to prevent erosion.
- Signage for restoration interpretation/access points.
- Fencing.

Project Priority

Reach 1 was identified as a medium priority project, with strong ecological benefits and suitable for external grant funding.

Reach 2 – Farewell Bend Park, upriver of Bill Healy Bridge

Reach 2 is 4,907 feet long. The reach is segmented into seven sections. The reach covers the southern portion of Farewell Bend Park, upriver of the Bill Healy bridge.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded:

- **Channel condition.** Presence of beaver activity and damming in the reach.
- Bank condition. Wetlands are present in much of the reach. Erosion ranges from minimal to moderate in the reach. Bank stability is good throughout the reach. Soil is somewhat compact in most of the reach, with one segment being very compact.
- **Riparian area.** When compared with other reaches this reach has a large abundance of horsetail in the riparian zone. Riparian vegetation covers 70% to 85% of viable area for most segments, however, one segment has 0% coverage, and one has 50% coverage.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation covers between 60% and 100% of viable area for this reach.
- Access. Manmade structures include boardwalk upstream of reach and Bill Healy bridge. The reach has 36 access points.

Restoration Opportunities

The following restoration opportunities were identified:

- Eliminate access points
- Armor five to six access points, for example, by securing large rocks to create an access point resistant to erosion
- Fence key areas
- Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs
- Relocate trail higher up on bank in certain areas
- Signage for restoration interpretation/access points

Project Priority

Reach 2 was identified as a high priority project, with strong ecological benefits and suitable for external grant funding.

Reach 3 – Riverbend Park on river left and Farewell Bend Park, between the Bill Healy Bridge and the Farewell Bend Footbridge

Reach 3 is 2,374 feet long on river left (Riverbend Park) and 615 feet long on river right (Farewell Bend Park), for a total of 4,220 feet. The reach is segmented into six sections. The reach covers the park property between the Bill Healy Bridge and the Farewell Bend Footbridge. This includes the western/upriver portion of Riverbend Park and a central portion of Farewell Bend Park.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded on river left:

- **Channel condition.** River flows in this reach are categorized as slack water. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, large woody debris (LWD), and undercut banks.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in two of three segments. Erosion ranges from moderate to severe. Bank stability is bad throughout. Soil is somewhat compact for all segments.

- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 20% of viable area for two segments, and 40% of the viable area for the remaining segment.
- Upland area. Upland vegetation covers between 10% and 40% of viable area for this reach.
- Access. River left has 35 access points.

The following conditions were recorded on river right:

- **Channel condition.** Channel conditions are similar to river left conditions, LWD does not exist on river right.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in all three segments. Erosion ranges from moderate to severe. Bank stability is bad throughout. Soil is very compact in two sections and somewhat compact in one section.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 0% to 40% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. The reach has 14 access points. The area with single rail fencing has many access points, where double rail fencing exists, the number of access points is greatly reduced.

Restoration Opportunities

The following restoration opportunities were identified for river left:

- Lay back bank in certain locations
- Install in water habitat such as LWD and boulders
- Create bench areas for Oregon Spotted Frog habitat
- Install double rail fence along entire reach
- Create armored access area and fencing for dogs

The following restoration opportunities were identified for river right:

- Rebuild/armor beach
- Transition single rail to double rail fencing
- Install signage for restoration interpretation/access points
- Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs
- Eliminate user created access points to prevent erosion

Project Priority

Reach 3 river left was identified as a high priority project, with strong ecological benefits and suitable for external grant funding.

Reach 3 river right was identified as a low priority project, as a maintenance project with no available grant funding.

Reach 4 — Farewell Bend Park and Riverbend Park from the Farewell Bend Footbridge to the downriver edges of the parks, and the dog off leash area

Reach 4 is 2,005 feet long on river left (Riverbend Park) and 1,554 feet long on river right (Farewell Bend Park), for a total of 3,559 feet. The reach is segmented into five sections. The reach covers the park property from the Farewell Bend Footbridge and downriver to the edge of Farewell Bend Park. For river

left, Riverbend Park is included downriver from the footbridge, as well as the dog off leash park (which is not BPRD property). This includes the eastern portions of Riverbend Park and Farewell Bend Park and the dog off leash park.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded on river left:

- **Channel condition.** River flows in this reach are categorized as slack water. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, and undercut banks.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in two of three segments. Erosion ranges from minimal to moderate. Bank stability is good in two segments and bad in one. Soil is loose for all segments.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 65%, 10%, and 0% of viable area for segments 1, 2, and 3, respectively.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. River left has 17 access points. Sections with double rail fencing have few access points, the section with single rail fencing has many access points given its length (5 access points in 475 feet).

The following conditions were recorded on river right:

- **Channel condition.** River flows in this reach are categorized as slack water. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, and LWD.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in both segments. Erosion is minimal. Bank stability is good throughout. Soil is somewhat compact.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 25% to 50% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. The reach has seven access points, with six falling within the area with single rail fencing.

Restoration Opportunities

The following restoration opportunities were identified for river left:

- Transition single rail to double rail fencing
- Rebuild and armor beach
- Revegetate areas around bridge abutment
- Rebuild and armor existing off leash dog access (note that the dog access exists on private property, with an easement held by BPRD)

The following restoration opportunities were identified for river right:

- Transition single rail to double rail fencing
- Replace interpretive signage
- Armor access point where concrete abutment is
- Evaluate "mudflat" for possible wetland revegetation

Project Priority

Reach 4 river left was identified as a low priority project, as a maintenance project with no available grant funding.

Reach 4 river right was identified as a low priority project, as a maintenance project with no available grant funding.

Reach 5 – McKay Park, Columbia Park and Miller's Landing Park

Reach 5 is 1,100 feet long at McKay Park, 375 feet long at Columbia Park, and 555 feet long at Miller's Landing Park. The reach is segmented into ten sections.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded at McKay Park:

- **Channel condition.** Channel type includes rapids and slow water. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, and LWD.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are only present in the last segments. Erosion ranges from minimal to moderate. Bank stability is good. Soil is somewhat compact in three segments and loose in one segment.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 75% of one segment and 0% of viable area for the other three segments.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. Access covers the entirety of the fish ladder/floater rapids area and the beach area, with zero access points in the remaining section, which has double rail fencing.

The following conditions were recorded for Columbia Park:

- **Channel condition.** The channel is slack water in this section. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, and LWD.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in one segment. Erosion is moderate. Bank stability is good in two sections and bad in one section. Soil is loose and somewhat compact.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 5% to 35% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. The park has five access points.

The following conditions were recorded for Miller's Landing Park:

- **Channel condition.** The channel is slack water in this section. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, LWD, and undercut bank.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in two segments. Erosion is minimal in two sections and severe in one section. Bank stability is good in two sections and severe in one section. Soil is loose and somewhat compact.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 0% to 75% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. The park has two access points.

Restoration Opportunities

The following restoration opportunities were identified for McKay Park:

Revegetate center island/passageway

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Columbia Park:

- Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs
- Transition single rail to double rail fencing
- Armor the designated access point

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Miller's Landing Park:

- Eliminate access point on most northern property line due to erosion (downstream edge of park)
- Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs
- Modify access from the existing boardwalk
- Eliminate access at Old Mill property line (upstream edge of park)

Project Priority

Reach 5 McKay Park was identified as a low priority project, as a maintenance project with no available grant funding.

Reach 5 Miller's Landing was identified as a high priority project, having potential for partnership, strong benefits, and suitable for external grant funding.

Reach 5 Columbia Park was not prioritized.

Reach 6 – Harmon Park, Pageant Park, Drake Park and Brooks Park

Reach 6 is 5,386 feet long in total, with 1,162 feet at Harmon and Pageant parks, 317 feet long at Brooks Park and 3,907 feet long at Drake Park. The reach is segmented into six sections.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded at Harmon and Pageant parks:

- **Channel condition.** Channel type is slack water. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, LWD and undercut bank.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present. Erosion ranges from minimal to moderate. Bank stability is good to bad. Soil is somewhat compact. Seawall forms the bank for one segment.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 0% to 65% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage is 0% of viable.
- Access. There are six access points.

The following conditions were recorded for Brooks Park:

- Channel condition. The channel is slack water in this section. In water habitat includes rocks.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present. Erosion is moderate. Bank stability is bad. Soil is somewhat compact. Seawall is present along the park.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 10% of the viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage is 0%.
- Access. Access exists for the entire park.

The following conditions were recorded for Drake Park:

- Channel condition. The channel is slack water in this section. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, LWD, and undercut bank. One segment has presence of LWD overhanging trees and three small islands in the middle of the river.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in one segment. Erosion is moderate to severe. Bank stability is bad to severe. Soil is somewhat compact. Seawall is present in all three sections.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 0% to 10% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage is 0%.
- Access. Access exists for the entirety of two sections. In the third section, five access points
 exist.

Restoration Opportunities

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Brooks Park:

- In- water revegetation
- Remove seawall and lay back banks
- Fencing to minimize habitat degradation

Restoration opportunities were not identified for Drake, Harmon or Pageant parks.

Project Priority

Reach 6 was identified as a high priority project, with potential partnership, strong benefits, and suitable for external grant funding.

Reach 7 – Pacific Park, Pioneer Park and First Street Rapids Park

Reach 7 is 4,592 feet long in total, with 844 feet at Pacific Park, 739 feet at Pioneer Park and 3,009 feet long at First Street Rapids Park. The reach is segmented into eight sections. Riverview Park is part of this reach, but was not assessed.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded at Pacific Park:

- Channel condition. Channel type is riffle. In water habitat includes rocks.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are not present. Erosion is minimal. Bank stability is good. Soil is very compact. Seawall is present along the entire bank.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 0% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. River access is available along the entire bank.

The following conditions were recorded for Pioneer Park:

- Channel condition. Channel type is riffle. In water habitat includes rocks.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are not present. Erosion is minimal. Bank stability is bad. Soil is somewhat compact. Seawall is present along the entire bank.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 0% of the viable area.
- Upland area. Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. River access exists for the entire park.

The following conditions were recorded for First Street Rapids Park:

- **Channel condition.** The channel has rapids, a run, and slow water in this section. In water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, LWD, and undercut bank.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present. Erosion is minimal to severe. Bank stability is good to bad. Soil is somewhat compact and very compact in sections.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 5% of viable area in two sections, 10% of viable area in two sections, and 75% of viable in one section.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage data was not collected.
- Access. First Street Rapids Park has 45 access points. A small section of double rail fencing is ineffective along river left. Two segments, while having few access points, were highly impacted.

Restoration Opportunities

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Pacific Park

- Remove seawall and lay back bank
- Revegetate bank

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Pioneer Park

- Remove seawall and lay back bank
- Create side channel habitat in mud flat
- Install LWD to slow water movement and decrease erosion
- Install fencing to help protect habitat

The following restoration opportunities were identified for First Street Rapids river right, upstream of footbridge

- Install fencing to help protect habitat
- Plant upland vegetation to decrease erosion
- Consolidate and improve access
- Improve kayak access

The following restoration opportunities were identified for First Street Rapids river left, upstream of footbridge

- Consolidate and improve access
- Install fencing to help protect habitat

The following restoration opportunities were identified for First Street Rapids river right, downstream of footbridge

- Install fencing to help protect habitat
- Consolidate and improve access

The following restoration opportunities were identified for First Street Rapids river left, downstream of footbridge

- Install fencing to help protect habitat
- Armor access points to minimize erosion
- Revegetate upland habitat to minimize erosion

Install riparian vegetation to create in water habitat

Project Priority

Reach 7, Pacific and Pioneer parks, were identified as a high priority projects, with potential partnership, strong benefits, and suitable for external grant funding.

Reach 7, First Street Rapids Park, was identified as a high priority project, with potential partnership, strong benefits, and suitable for external grant funding.

Reach 8 – Riverview Park and Sawyer Park

Reach 8 is 6,542 feet long and includes Riverview Park and Sawyer Park. Data were collected for 11 sections within this reach. While data was not collected at Riverview Park, restoration opportunities were identified there.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded for Sawyer Park:

- **Channel condition.** Channel types in this reach include rapids, riffles, runs and slow water. Inwater habitat includes rocks, wetlands, large woody debris and undercut bank.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in every section. Erosion is minimal in five sections, moderate in four sections and severe in two sections. Bank stability is good in six sections and bad in five sections. Soil is loose in three sections, somewhat compact in three sections, and severe in five sections. River left below the footbridge is in very poor condition.
- Riparian area. Riparian vegetation coverage ranges from 30% to 100% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation coverage was not measured for two sections, was 25% of viable area for two sections, and 100% of viable area for the remaining seven sections.
- Access. There are 45 access points in this reach.

Restoration Opportunities

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Riverview Park:

- Install fencing to help protect habitat
- Revegetate riparian and upland areas to create habitat and minimize erosion

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Sawyer Park river right, upstream of footbridge

- Install fencing to help protect habitat
- Revegetate riparian and upland areas to create habitat and minimize erosion

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Sawyer Park river left, upstream of footbridge

- Install fencing to help protect habitat
- Armor access points to minimize erosion
- Revegetate riparian and upland areas to create habitat and minimize erosion

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Sawyer Park river right, downstream of footbridge

- Remove stairs
- Install fencing

The following restoration opportunities were identified for Sawyer Park river left, downstream of footbridge

- Install fencing to help protect habitat
- Armor access points to minimize erosion
- Revegetate riparian and upland areas to create habitat and minimize erosion

Project Priority

Reach 8 was identified as a medium priority project, with strong ecological benefits and suitable for external grant funding.

Reach 9 – River Canyon (Archie Briggs Natural Area)

Reach 9 is 2,763 feet long and includes the Archie Briggs Natural Area. The reach was divided into five sections for analysis.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded:

- **Channel condition.** Channel type includes rapids and riffles. In-water habitat includes rocks, wetlands and large woody debris.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in this reach. Erosion is minimal, bank stability is good, soil is somewhat compacted in one section, and very compacted in the remaining five sections.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 20% to 35% of viable area.
- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation covers 75% to 100% of viable area.
- Access. There are three access points in the reach.

Restoration Opportunities

Restoration opportunities were not identified for reach 9.

Project Priority

Reach 9 was identified as not needing a project.

Reach 10 – Riley Ranch Nature Reserve

Reach 10 is 7,445 feet long and includes Riley Ranch Nature Reserve. The reach was divided into five sections for analysis.

Conditions

The following conditions were recorded:

- **Channel condition.** Channel type includes rapids, riffles, and runs. In-water habitat includes rocks, wetlands, large woody debris and undercut banks.
- **Bank condition.** Wetlands are present in this reach. Erosion is minimal, bank stability is good, soil is somewhat and very compacted.
- **Riparian area.** Riparian vegetation covers 100% of viable area.

- **Upland area.** Upland vegetation covers 100% of viable area.
- Access. There are 10 access points in the reach.

Restoration Opportunities

Restoration opportunities were not identified for reach 10.

Project Priority

Reach 10 was identified as not needing a project.

Identified Projects and Prioritization

Project Identification

As noted above under the data analysis section, there were restoration opportunities identified that would benefit all reaches, as well as specific restoration opportunities identified for most reaches. These specific restoration opportunities were prioritized using the following criteria:

- High priority these projects include partnership opportunities, strong ecological benefits and are suitable for external grant funding.
- Medium priority these projects include partnership opportunities, ecological benefits and are suitable for external grant funding.
- Maintenance projects these projects fall into the operations and maintenance category, and would not be eligible for grant funding.
- No project needed a number of locations were identified as not needing habitat restoration projects at the time the data was collected.

The identified projects, coupled with the prioritization criteria resulted in six high priority projects, two medium priority projects, four maintenance projects and two sites that require no projects. Of the six priority projects, portions of two of the projects have already begun the design process. This includes reach 3 RL – Riverbend Park: Southern Trail (RL) and Reach 6 – Drake Park (though this project doesn't include work at Harmon and Brooks Parks identified above).

The following table specifies the potential projects by priority and also provides rough order of magnitude cost estimates. It's important to note that these cost estimates are very high level in nature and should not be relied upon for an accurate reflection of current project costs. Once design level work commences for the identified projects new cost estimates will be necessary, along with applicable escalation for the anticipated construction year(s).

Reach	Name	High Priority	Medium Priority	Low Priority		Order of N	/lagr	nitude
Reach 3 RL	Riverbend Park - Southern Trail (RL)	Х			\$	80,000	\$	175,000
Reach 5 RR	Miller's Landing (RR)	Х			\$	10,000	\$	25,000
Reach 7a	Pacific Park and Pioneer Park (RR)	Х			\$	450,000	\$	650,000
Reach 2	Bill Healy to Hydro Plant (RR)	Х			\$	30,000	\$	75,000
Reach 6	Drake Park, Harmon Park & Brooks Park (RR & RL)	Χ			\$	400,000	\$	750,000
Reach 7b RR	First Street Rapids (RL) & downstream to golf course	Χ			\$	750,000	\$	150,000
Reach 8	Sawyer Park (RR & RL)		Х		\$	50,000	\$	240,000
Reach 1	River Rim (RR)		Х		\$	10,000	\$	50,000
Reach 4 RR	Farewell Bend Park - Downstream (RR)			Х	\$	20,000	\$	50,000
Reach 3 RR	Farewell Bend Park - Upstream (RR)			X	\$	150,000	\$	250,000
Reach 4 RL	Riverbend Park (RL)			Х	\$	20,000	\$	50,000
Reach 5 RL	McKay Park (RL)			Х	\$	20,000	\$	50,000
Riley Ranch	Riley Ranch (RR & RL)			Х	\$	-	\$	-
Reach 9	River Canyon (RR & RL)			Х	\$	-	\$	-
					\$	1,990,000	\$	2,515,000
	High Priority Potential Partnership Projects - Strong be	enefits, suit	able for exte	rnal grant fur	ndin	3		
	Medium Priority Potential Partnership Projects - Stron	g benefits,	suitable for e	xternal gran	t fun	ding		
	Maintenance Projects - Not grant fundable							
	No project needed			•		•		•

Appendix A: Reach Condition Assessments

Appendix B: Presentation to UDWC Board on February 13, 2018

	Date: 01/	17/2018		Reach #:	1		Overall le	ngth of rea	ich:	686 ft	Flow direc	tion: N				Weather	conditions: Ove	rcast		
	Flow (BE	NOgauge /																		
	DEBC)gauge):	749		Diversion to	tals upstrean	n of reach:		0		Water ter	np (DEB(Ogauge):	38	.4	Surveyed	by:	James Ada	ams	
	CENED	AL NOTES:	Prominent us	ser group is	recreational l	avakers that	use this as	a launch fo	or rapids be	low. Further stud	v needed to	determine	what othe	r user group:	s frequent thi	s park and				
	GENER	AL NOTES:	access the riv	0 .		,					,			0 1			Total #	l .	9	
																	Access Pts:			
												•	•				•	Access		
0	Channel Co	ndition		Bank Cond	dition:						Riprarian \	/eg (ripari	an zone)		Upland Ve	g (upland z	one)	Points	LWD	River bank
						Manmade					•									
				Length of	Presence of	Structures					%				%					4
	Channel	Pool Types	In-water	Segment	Wetlands	(Y/N) List	Erosion	Stability	Width of		Coverage	In-water	Ground	Trees/	Coverage	Ground			Number	A
t	type (1)	(2)	Habitat (3)	(FT)	(Y/N)	Below	(4)	(5)	Bank (FT)	Compaction (6)	of Viable	Veg	Cover	Shrubs	of Viable	Cover	Trees/ Shrubs	Quantity	of:	RR/RL
		N/A	1,3	686	Υ	Υ	2	2	25	2	50%	2,4	8	17,24,29	25%	8	20, 22, 26	9	21	RR
2																				
3																				
4																				
5																				
1 (Channel Ty	pe: SW- Slac	k Water, S- S	low Water	, RU- Run, F	II- Riffle, RA	- Rapid													
2 1	Pool Types:	DP- Dam Po	ool SS - Scour	Pool RP-	Riffle pool								Detailed D	Description o	f Manmade S	Structures				1
3	In-water ha	bitat: Rocks 1	, Wetlands 2,	LWD 3, U	Indercut ban	k 4				Reach/Stretch	Notes:									1
4 [Erosion: Mi	nimal (some o	ohesion) 1, M	oderate (fi	ne soils) 2, S	Severe (no ro	oot mass)	3		R1S1	Center of r	each there	e is some ty	pe of pump s	system. Irriga	tion perhap	os.			1
5 9	Stability: Go	ood 1 , Bad 2 ,	Severe 3							General	LWD is tea	thered tog	gether with	cable. Time o	of placement,	unknown.	•	•		1
6 (Compactio	n: Very compa	ct 1, Somew	hat compa	ict 2, Loose 3	3														1
												•		•	•		•			1
9	Species List	t	-			•											•			
In-water	veg	Trees/Sh	rubs																	
1 (cattail	10) Ash		Juniper		Sage													
	grasses		L Birch		Locust		Servicebe	,												
3	lily	12	2 Bitterbrush	22	? Manzanita	32	Snowberr	у												
4 1	rush	13	3 Cherry		Maple		Spirea													
5 9	sedge	14	Chockcherry	24	Mtn Alder	34	Sumac													
Groundo	over		C ottonwood		OR Grape		Willow													1
6 F	Forget me i	16	Currant		Pondo		Yarrow								·		·-			
7 (Golden Roo	17	7 Dogwood	27	Rose	37	Develope	d												
8 (Grass	18	B Elderberry		Raspberry															_
9 9	Strawberry	19	H uckleberry	29	Rabbitbrush										. <u></u>					

Date: 12/	18/2017		Reach #:	2		Overall len	gth of reac	h:	4907	Flow direction	n: N				Weather	conditions: Overca	st		
Flow (BEN DEBOgau	NOgauge / ige):	70			tals upstream		-f b	0.11	zone. Presence o	Water temp			35.	.7	Surveyed	by:	James Adar	ns	
GENER	RAL NOTES:	wnen comp	ared to otner	reacnes this re	acn nas a large	abondance	or norsetal	i in the riparian	zone. Presence o	t beaver activit	ty/daming ai	ong R2SS					3	6	
	.	-		•									.			Total # Access Pt		U	
																Total # Access 1 to	Access		River
Channel Co	ndition		Bank Condi	tion:						Riprarian Veg	(riparian zo	ne)		Upland Veg	(upland zoi	ne)	Points	LWD	bank
	pe Pool Types	In-water	Length of Segment	Wetlands	Manmade Structures (Y/N) List		Stability	Width of Bank		% Coverage	In-water	Ground	()	% Coverage					/
(1)	(2)	Habitat (3)	(FT)	(Y/N)	Below	Erosion (4)	(5)	(FT)	Compaction (6)		Veg	Cover	Trees/ Shrubs	of Viable	Cover	Trees/ Shrubs	Quantity	Number of:	
1 RI	RP, SP N/A	1, 2, 4 1, 2, 4	1161 316	Y	Y	1	1	25 40	2	50% 75%	2, 4, 5	8	17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 33 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 33	100% 90%	8	20, 26	3	0	RR RR
2 S	SP SP	1, 2, 4	369	Y	Y	1	1		2	0%	2, 4, 5 N/A	N/A	24, 27, 32	75%	8	20, 26, 27, 32	3	0	RR
3 S 4 RU	SP SP	1, 3	633	N	N	1	1	20 15	2	85%	N/A 2, 4, 5	N/A	24, 27, 32	60%	8	20, 26, 27, 32	3	4	RR
	SP SP	1, 2, 3, 4	792	Y	N	2	1	40	2	85%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 24, 26, 27	90%	8	20, 26, 29	9	8	RR
5 RU 6 RI	RP, SP	1, 2, 3, 4	1003	Y	N N	2	1	60	2	70%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 32, 33	90%	8	20, 26, 29	7	4	RR
7 S	SP	1, 2, 4	633	Y	N V	2	1	40	2	70%	2, 4, 5	0	20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 32	75%	0	20, 26, 29	1	0	RR
8	SP	1, 2, 4	533	Y	Y	2	1	40	2	70%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 24, 25, 26	75%	8	20, 26, 29	4	U	KK
9																			
10																			
	pe: SW- Slack	Water S-SI	ow Water R	U-Run RI-R	iffle RA -Rar	oid					1		L						
	DP- Dam Poo					,,,,							Detailed Description of Manma	de Structures	·	•	_		1
	bitat: Rocks 1,								Reach/Stretch	Notes:									i
	nimal (some co				re (no root ma	ass) 3			R2S1		ver COID wit	h razorwire	fencing along path.						i
	ood 1, Bad 2, S		,	, .		, -			R2S2	Foot bridge th							-	•	i
6 Compaction	n: Very compact	t 1, Somewh	at compact 2	2, Loose 3					R2S7	Bill Healey Bri	idge		•			•			
													·						
Species List	t Trees/SI																		
In-water veg	-			0 Juniper	20	Sage													ł
1 cattail		0 Ash		1 Locust		Serviceberr													ł
2 grasses 3 lily		1 Birch 2 Bitterbrush		1 Locust 2 Manzanita		Serviceberr Snowberry	,			-			.						ł
4 rush		Cherry		3 Maple		Spirea							- -	•					ł
5 sedge		3 Cherry 4 Chockcherry		4 Mtn Alder		Sumac				1			- -	•					ł
5 seage Groundcover		5 Cottonwood		5 OR Grape		Willow			 	1									ł
6 Forget me r		6 Currant		6 Pondo		Yarrow				1									ł
7 Golden Rod		7 Dogwood		7 Rose		Developed													1
8 Grass		B Elderberry		Raspberry	31	Developed			-										ł
9 Strawberry		9 Huckleberry		9 Rabbitbrush					L										J

	Date:	12/15/2017	,	Reach #:	3		Overall le	ength of rea	ach:	4220	Flow direct	ion: N				Weather o	conditions:	Partly Clou	ıdy	
	Flow (BEN DEBO		690)	Diversion t	otals upstrea	ım of reach	1:	0.11		Water ten	ıp (DEBC	Ogauge):	33.0	5	Surveyed	by:	James Ada	ıms	
	GENERA	L NOTES:	Areas with s	ingle rail fend	ing or no fer	cing had far r	more acces	s points wh	nen compa	red to areas with	double rail t	enciing. A	reas with	dense veg had far fev	ver access p	oints when	Total # Access	49		
																	Pts:			
	Channel Cond	dition		Bank Condi	tion:						Riprarian V	eg (riparia	an zone)		Upland Ve	eg (upland z	one)	Access Points	LWD	River bank
		Pool Types	In-water	Length of	of Wetlands		Erosion	Stability	Width of	(2)	% Coverage	In-water		- /3	% Coverage		- /		Number	
		(2) N/A	Habitat (3)	Segment 315	(Y/N)	Below	(4)	(5)	Bank 50	Compaction (6)	of Viable	Veg N/A	Cover N/A	Trees/ Shrubs 24, 26, 33	of Viable N/A	Cover 37	Trees/ Shrubs 37	Quantity	of:	RR/RL RR
		N/A N/A	1	850	N	v	2	2	50	1	0%		N/A N/A	20, 24, 26, 27, 29	N/A N/A	37	37	0	0	RR
		N/A N/A	2, 3, 4	681	V	v	2	2	50	2	40%	N/A 2, 4, 5	0 N/A	20, 24, 26, 27, 29	N/A N/A	37	37	2	15	RR
_		N/A	2, 3, 4	897	v	v	2	2	10	2	20%	2, 4, 5	0	20, 24, 26, 27, 29	40%	8	20, 26, 29	0	0	RL
		N/A	1, 2, 4	844	v	N	2	2	10	2	20%	2, 4, 5	0 Q	20, 26, 27, 29, 33	25%	8	20, 26, 27, 33	20	0	RL
		N/A	1, 2, 4	633	v	V	3	2	30	2	40%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 26, 27, 29, 33	10%	8	20, 26, 33	7	0	RL
7	3**	11/1	1, 2, 4	033	'		3	_	30	_	4070	2, 4, 3	0	20, 20, 21, 23, 33	1070	0	20, 20, 33	<u> </u>	U	IXL
8																				
9																				
10																				
	Channel Type	: SW- Slack	Water, S- SI	ow Water. R	U- Run. RI-	Riffle. RA- I	Rapid	ı	ı						ı					I
			ol SS- Scour			,							Detailed I	Description of Manm	ade Structu	res)
			Wetlands 2,			4				Reach/Stretch	Notes:									}
4	Erosion: Mini	mal (some co	hesion) 1 , Mo	oderate (fine	soils) 2, Se	vere (no roo	t mass) 3			R3S1	Bill Healey	Bridge / B	each / zero	habitat. 2 access po	ints but botl	h span more	e or less the entir	ety of the se	egment.	
5	Stability: Goo	d 1 , Bad 2 , \$	Severe 3							R3S2	Single rail f	encing wit	h lots of a	ccess points						
6	Compaction:	Very compac	t 1 , Somewh	at compact	2, Loose 3					R3S3	Single rail f	encing giv	es way to o	double rail fencing ar	nd the numb	er of access	points reduce co	nsiderably.]
										R3S4	Dill Hon	lov Dridgo	Old abut	tment positioned at v	uators adaa	(hasa of ala	l bridge) wide tr	il with no f	neine	
<u> </u>	Species List									R3S6	Foot Bridge	, 0	. Olu abutt	illent positioned at v	vaters euge	(base of oic	i briuge), wide tr	iii witii iio ie	encing.	{
In-wat	•	Trees/Sh	ruhs							1.550	i oot bridge	·								{
	cattail	•) Ash	20) Juniper	30) Sage													1
	grasses		Birch		1 Locust		l Servicebe	errv						•			•			Í
	lily		Bitterbrush		2 Manzanita		2 Snowber							•			•			
	rush		Cherry		3 Maple		Spirea	•												İ
	sedge		Chockcherry		4 Mtn Alder		Sumac							•				-		
Ground	Ü		Cottonwood		5 OR Grape		Willow							•		•				ĺ
	Forget me no		Currant		6 Pondo	36	Yarrow							•						ĺ
	Golden Rod	17	Dogwood	27	7 Rose	37	D evelope	ed												ĺ
8	Grass		Elderberry	28	B Raspberry															
ı	Strawberry	4.0) Huckleberry		Rabbitbrus					•					•					•

Files (ERNOgauge)		Date:	1/17/2018	3	Reach #:	4		Overall leng	th of reach:		3559	Flow directio	n: N				Weather co	nditions:			
Channel Condition Bank Condition: Bank Condition: Biggrain Veg (sparins zone) Upland Veg (upland sone) Prints WD River by Points WO River by				749		Diversion tot	als upstream of	f reach:	0)	_	Water temp	(DEBOgau	(38.	4		Surveyed by	y:	James Ada	ms	
Channel Condition		GENER	RAL NOTES:															Total #	2	4	
Channel Condition																		Access Pts:			
Channel Pessance of Structures Pessance of Pessance of Structures Pessance of Structures Pessance of Pessa		Channel Cor	ndition		Bank Condi	ition:						Rinrarian Ve	(rinarian zoi	ne)		Unland Veg (u	nland zone)			IWD	River bank
1 SW N/A 1,2,4 422 Y Y 1 1 10 3 65% 2,5 8 20,24,25,2N/A 37 37 5 0 RL		Channel			Length of	Presence of Wetlands	Structures (Y/N) List	Erosion (4)	Stability (5)		Compaction (6)	% Coverage	In-water	Ground		% Coverage of	Ground				
3 SW N/A 1 475 N V 2 2 1 3 0% 0 8 24,27,29 N/A 37 37 5 0 RL	1	SW	N/A			Υ	Υ	1	1	10	3	65%	2, 5	8	20, 24, 25, 29	N/A	37	37	5	0	RL
4 SW N/A 1,2,3 500 Y Y 1 1 500 2 50% 5 8 17,20,24,2 N/A 37 37 1 40 RR				1, 2, 4		Υ	Υ	1	1	2	3		2	8					7	0	
S W N/A 1,2,3 1054 Y Y 1 1 25 2 25% S 8 17,20,24,28 N/A 37 37 6 20 RR				1		N	Υ	2	2	1	3		0	8			-		5	0	
6 Testing Te						Y	Y	1	1		2		5	8					1		
7 R R R R R R R R R		SW	N/A	1, 2, 3	1054	Y	Y	1	1	25	2	25%	5	8	17, 20, 24, 25	N/A	37	3/	ь	20	KK
8 9 9 10 10 10 10 10 10	_			+																	
1 Channel Type: SW- Slack Water, S- Slow Water, RU-Run, RI-Riffle, RA-Rapid 2 Pool Types: DP-Dam Pool SS- Scour Pool RP-Riffle pool 3 In-water habitat: Rocks 1, Wetlands 2, LUVD 3, Undersuct bank 4 4 Erosion: Minimal (some cohesion) 1, Moderate (fine soils) 2, Severe (no root mass) 3 Species List In-water veg Trees/Shrubs 1 cattail 10 Ash 20 Juniper 30 Sage 2 grasses 11 Birch 21 Locust 31 Serviceberry 3 lilly 12 Bitterbrush 22 Manzanita 32 Snowberry 4 (Arush 13 Cherry 23 Maple 33 Spirea 5 Sedge 14 Chockcherry 24 Mth Alder 34 Sumac Groundcover 15 Cottonwood 25 OR Grape 35 Willow 6 Forget me n 16 Currant 26 Pondo 36 Yarrow 57 Golden Rod 17 Dogwood 27 Rose 37 Developed 15 Cottonwood 27 Rose 37 Devel																					
1 Channel Type: SW- Slack Water, S- Slow Water, RU- Run, RI- Riffle, RA- Rapid 2 Pool Types: DP. Dam Pool SS- Scour Pool RP- Riffle pool 3 In-water Pablicat Rocks 1, Wellands 2, LVD 3, Undersut bank 4 4 Erosion: Minimal (some cohesion) 1, Moderate (fine soils) 2, Severe (no root mass) 3 R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Presence of fencing at waterline along portion of reach. Access points greatly reduced along this segment of stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. R454 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R456 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R457 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R458 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R456 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R457 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R458 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R457 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R458 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail																					
2 Pool Types: DP- Dam Pool SS- Scour Pool RP- Riffle pool 3 In-water habitat: Rocks 1, Wellands 2, LWD 3, Undercut bank 4 4 Erosion: Minimal (some cohesion) 1, Moderate (fine soils) 2, Severe (no root mass) 3 R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Presence of fencing at waterline along portion of reach. Access points greatly reduced along this segment of stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. R455 Species List R456 R457 R458 R458 R458 R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R459 R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing alon	10																				
3 In-water habitat: Rocks 1, Wetlands 2, LWD 3, Undercut bank 4 4 Erosion: Minimal (some cohesion) 1, Moderate (fine soils) 2, Severe (no root mass) 3 R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Presence of fencing at waterline along portion of reach. Access points greatly reduced along this segment of stretch. 8 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. 8 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. 8 In-water veg 8 Trees/Shrubs 1 cattail 10 Ash 20 Juniper 30 Sage 2 grasses 11 Birch 21 Locust 31 Serviceberry 3 lily 12 Bitterbrush 22 Manzanita 32 Snowberry 4 rush 13 Cherry 23 Maple 33 Spirea 5 sedge 14 Chockcherry 24 Mth Alder 34 Sumac Groundcover 15 Cottonwood 25 OR Grape 35 Willow 6 Forget me in 16 Currant 26 Pondo 37 Poveloped	1	Channel Typ	e: SW- Slack V	Vater, S- Slo	w Water, R	U- Run, RI- R	iffle, RA- Rapi	d													
4 Erosion: Minimal (some cohesion) 1, Moderate (fine soils) 2, Severe (no root mass) 3 R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Presence of fencing at waterline along portion of reach. Access points greatly reduced along this segment of stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. R454 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R456 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R457 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R458 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R456 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R457 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R458 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R458 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entir														Detailed D	escription of N	lanmade Struct	ures]
8452 Presence of fencing at waterline along portion of reach. Access points greatly reduced along this segment of stretch. 8453 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. 8454 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. 8455 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. 8456 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. 8457 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. 8458 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. 8459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. 8450 Single ra	3	In-water hab	oitat: Rocks 1 , W	/etlands 2 , L	WD 3 , Und	ercut bank 4					Reach/Stretch	Notes:									ļ
6 Compaction: Very compact 1 , Somewhat compact 2, Loose 3 R453 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. R454 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R456 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R457 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R458 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R452 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R452 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split ra	4	Frosion: Min	imal (some coh	esion) 1, Mod	lerate (fine	soils) 2, Sever	e (no root ma	ss) 3			R4S1	Footbridge at	start of reac	h. Double sp	lit rail fence ald	ong entire streto	h.				
6 Compaction: Very compact 1 , Somewhat compact 2, Loose 3 R453 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. R454 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R456 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R457 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R458 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R452 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R452 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split ra																					ĺ
6 Compaction: Very compact 1 , Somewhat compact 2, Loose 3 R453 Single rail fencing along this stretch and large number of access points given the short distance of stretch. R454 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R456 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R457 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R458 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R459 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R450 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R452 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R452 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R451 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R452 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. R453 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R455 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R450 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split ra		Stability: Co.	ad 1 Bad 2 Sa	woro ?							D4C2	Droconco of f	oncing at wat	orlino along	nortion of road	h Accord points	aroatly rodu	sod along th	ic coamont a	of ctratch	
R4S4 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R4S5 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R4S5	-	stability. Go	ou 1, Dau 2, 36	veie 3							N432	rresence or r	encing at wat	erilite along	portion or reac	ii. Access poiite	s greatly redu	iceu along til	is segment c	ii strettii.	}
R4S4 Footbridge at start of reach. Double split rail fence along entire stretch. Boardwalk and gazebo at end of stretch. R4S5 Single rail fencing along entire stretch. R4S5																_					
In-water veg Trees/Shrubs	- 6	Compaction	: Very compact '	, Somewha	it compact 2	2, Loose 3					R4S3	Single rail fen	cing along th	is stretch an	d large number	of access point	s given the sh	nort distance	of stretch.		
1 cattail 10 Ash 20 Juniper 30 Sage 2 Sarsses 11 Birch 21 Locust 31 Serviceberry 2 Sarsses 11 Birch 22 Manzanita 32 Snowberry 2 Manzanita 32 Snowberry 2 Mush 13 Cherry 23 Maple 33 Spirea 5 Sedge 14 Chockcherry 24 Mtn Alder 34 Sumac 5 Sedge 15 Cottonwood 25 OR Grape 35 Willow 5 Forget me ni 16 Currant 26 Pondo 36 Yarrow 7 Golden Rod 17 Dogwood 27 Rose 37 Developed 5		Species List									R4S4	Footbridge at	start of reac	h. Double sp	lit rail fence ald	ong entire streto	h. Boardwalk	and gazebo	at end of str	etch.	
1 cattail 10 Ash 20 Juniper 30 Sage 2 Sarsses 11 Birch 21 Locust 31 Serviceberry 23 Say 2 Sarsses 11 Birch 22 Manzanita 32 Snowberry 24 rush 13 Cherry 23 Maple 33 Spirea 5 Sedge 14 Chockcherry 24 Mtn Alder 34 Sumac 5 Sorger 15 Cottonwood 25 OR Grape 35 Willow 6 Forget me ni 16 Currant 26 Pondo 36 Yarrow 7 Golden Rod 17 Dogwood 27 Rose 37 Developed 5	In-water	rveg	Trees/Shru	bs							R4S5	Single rail fe	ncing along	entire stret	ch.						
2 grasses 11 Birch 21 Locust 31 Serviceberry 3 lily 12 Bitterbrush 22 Manzanita 32 Snowberry 4 rush 13 Cherry 23 Maple 33 Spirea 5 sedge 14 Chockcherry 24 Mtn Alder 34 Sumac Groundcover 15 Cottonwood 25 OR Grape 35 Willow 6 Forget me ni 16 Currant 26 Pondo 36 Yarrow 7 Golden Rod 17 Dogwood 27 Rose 37 Developed		•	-		20) Juniper	30	Sage				g.o .an ic				-					ſ
4 rush 13 Cherry 23 Maple 33 Spirea 5 sedge 14 Chockcherry 24 Mtn Alder 34 Sumac Groundcover 15 Cottonwood 25 OR Grape 35 Willow 6 F Orget me ni 16 Currant 26 P Ondo 36 Yarrow 7 Golden Rod 17 Dogwood 27 Rose 37 Developed									,												ĺ
5 sedge 14 Chockcherry 24 Mtn Alder 34 Sumac Groundcover 15 Cottonwood 25 OR Grape 35 Willow 6 Forget me ni 16 Currant 26 Pondo 36 Yarrow 7 Golden Rod 17 Dogwood 27 Rose 37 Developed	3	B lily	12	2 Bitterbrush	22	2 Manzanita	32	Snowberry]
Groundcover 15 Cottonwood 25 OR Grape 35 Willow 6 Forget me ni 16 Currant 26 Pondo 36 Yarrow 7 Golden Rod 17 Dogwood 27 Rose 37 Developed																					Į į
6 Forget me ni 16 Currant 26 Pondo 36 Yarrow		-																		_	Į į
7 Golden Rod 17 Dogwood 27 Rose 37 Developed																					
																					{
o Class 10 Elucibetry 20 haspletry							37	Developed													{
9 Strawberry 19 Huckleberry 29 Rabbitbrush											L	L								-	J

	Date:	1/26/2018	<u> </u>	Reach #:	5	;	Overall le	ength of re	ach:	2030	Flow direct	ion: N	S E W			Weather o	conditions:	Overcast			
		ENOgauge / Ogauge):	738		Diversion t	otals upstrea	am of reac	h:	0		Water tem	ıp (DEB	BOgauge):	36.:	1	Surveyed	by:	James Ada	ıms		
	GENER	AL NOTES:																			_
	l		ļ														Total # Access		<u>' </u>		4
				1													Pts:	Access			
	Channel Cor	dition		Bank Cond	dition:						Riprarian V	eg (ripai	rian zone)		Upland Ve	g (upland z	one)	Points	LWD	River bank	Location
					Presence	Manmade					•				•	Ĭ					
					of	Structures					%				%						
	Channel		In-water	Length of	Wetlands	(Y/N) List	Erosion	Stability	Width of		Coverage	In-wate	r Ground		Coverage	Ground			Number		
	type (1)	Pool Types (2)	Habitat (3)	Segment	(Y/N)	Below	(4)	(5)	Bank	Compaction (6)	of Viable	Veg	Cover	Trees/ Shrubs	of Viable	Cover	Trees/ Shrubs	Quantity	of:	RR/RL	
1	RA	RP	1	80	N	Υ	2	1	15	1	0%	N/A	N/A	37	N/A	37	37	ENTIRE	0	RL	BWP
2	RA	RP	1	195	N	Υ	2	1	15	1	0%	N/A	N/A	37	N/A	37	37	ENTIRE	0	RL	BWP
3	RA	RP	1	375	N	Υ	2	1	75	1	0%	N/A	N/A	37	N/A	37	37	ENTIRE	0	RL	BWP
4	S	SP	1, 2, 3	450	Υ	Υ	1	1	25	2	75%	4, 5	8	16, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 32, 33, 35	N/A	37	37	0	0	RL	BWP
5	SW	N/A	1, 3	60	N	Υ	2	2	10	1		N/A	N/A	26, 27, 32	N/A	37	37	1	1	RL	Columbia
6	SW	N/A	1	105	N	Υ	2	1	10	1	5%	N/A	N/A	24, 27, 29	N/A	37	37	2	0	RL	Columbia
7	SW	N/A	1, 2	210	Υ	Υ	2	1	10	2	35%	5	8	27, 33	N/A	37	37	2	1	RL	Columbia
8	S	SP	1. 2. 3. 4	240	Υ	Υ	1	1	20	2	75%	4.5	8	16, 17, 24, 27, 32, 33, 35	N/A	37	37	0	15	RR	Miller
9	S	N/A	1	120	N	Υ	1	1	1	1	0%	N/A	N/A	24	N/A	37	37	1	6	RR	Miller
10	S	N/A	1, 2, 4	195	Υ	Υ	3	3	40	1	25%	4, 5	8	16, 24, 25, 26, 27	N/A	37	37	1	0	RR	Miller
11		1										, -		, , , , ,							
12																					
1	Channel Typ	e: SW- Slack V	Vater, S- Slo	w Water,	RU- Run, R	I- Riffle, RA	- Rapid		,					•							
1 2	Pool Types:	DP- Dam Pool	SS- Scour F	Pool RP- R	liffle pool								Detailed D	escription of Manmade Structures			•		•	1	Ì
3	In-water hab	itat: Rocks 1, W	/etlands 2, L	.WD 3, Un	dercut banl	k 4				Reach/Stretch	Notes:			•							Ì
4	Erosion: Min	imal (some coh	esion) 1, Mo	derate (fine	e soils) 2, S	Severe (no ro	oot mass)	3		R5S1	Bend White	water P	ark. McKay P	Park			•				Ì
	Stability: Go	od 1, Bad 2, Se	evere 3	,	,	•				R5S2	Bend White	water P	ark. McKay P	Park			•				Ì
	Compaction	Very compact '	1 , Somewha	at compact	t 2, Loose 3	3				R5S3	Bend White	water P	ark. McKay P	Park			•		•	1	Ì
				•									cing along pa							1	
	Species List									R5S5	Pedestriar	footbri	dge							1	
In-wat	er veg	Trees/Shru	ıbs							R5S6	Footpath a	nd plac	ed boulders	3						1	
1	cattail	10	Ash	20	Juniper	30) Sage			R5S7	Seawall	-									1
2	grasses	11	Birch	21	Locust	31	Servicebe	erry		R5S8	Double spli	rail fen	cing along pa	ath.		-	•				1
:	lily	12	Bitterbrush	22	Manzanita	32	2 Snowber	ry		R5S9	Armored ac	cess poi	nt with deck	ing overhanging river with riprap.		-	•				1
4	rush	13	Cherry	23	Maple	33	3 Spirea			R5S10	Single rail fo	encing w	ith opening	providing access to river. Highly impa	cted.						
	sedge	14	Chockchern	, 24	Mtn Alder	34	Sumac									-	•				1
Groun	dcover	15	Cottonwood	25	OR Grape	35	Willow							-		-	•				1
	Forget me n	c 16	Currant	26	Pondo	36	Yarrow														
7	Golden Rod	17	Dogwood	27	Rose	37	7 Develope	ed						-		-	•				1
	Grass	18	Elderberry	28	Raspberry									-			•				
9	Strawberry	19	Huckleberry	29	Rabbitbrus	h														1	

Da	ate:	1/18/2018		Reach #:	6	i	Overall len	gth of reach:		5386	Flow direction	n: N S	E W			Weather c	onditions:	Overcast			
	Flow (BEN		749	1	Diversion tot	als upstream o	f reach:		0		Water temp	(DEBOg	gauge):	39.4	1	Surveyed I	oy:	James Ada	ms		
	GENERA	I NOTES:	R6S1 - Had p	resence of lar	ge woody debri	s, overhanging	trees and th	nree small isla	nds in the middl	e of the river.	<u> </u>			•		•					
	GLIVEIUA	E NOTES.																311	L		
																	Total # Access Pts:				
																		Access			
Ch	annel Condi	ition		Bank Condit	ion:						Riprarian Veg	(riparian	zone)		Upland Veg (upland zone		Points	LWD	River bank	Location
Ch	annel type		In-water	Length of	Presence of Wetlands	Manmade Structures (Y/N) List							Ground	Trees/	% Coverage o	f Ground					
(1)		Pool Types (2)		Segment	(Y/N)	Below	Erosion (4)	Stability (5)		Compaction (6)		Veg	Cover	Shrubs	Viable	Cover	Trees/ Shrubs	Quantity	Number of:	RR/RL	
1 SV			1, 3, 4	1848	N	Υ	3	2	SEAWALL	2	0%	37	37	37	0%	37	37	100	4	RR	DRAKE
2 SV			1, 4	1320	N	Υ	3	2	SEAWALL	2	0%	37	37	37	0%	37	37	100	0	RR	DRAKE
3 SV			1, 2, 3, 4	739	Υ	Υ	2	3	SEAWALL	2	10%		N/A	24, 27	0%	37	37	5	3	RR	DRAKE
4 SV			1, 2, 3, 4	898	Υ	Υ	1	1	5	2	65%	1, 4, 5	8	11, 15, 24	0%	37	37	1	1	RL	HARMON
5 SV		N/A	1,	264	N	Υ	2	2	SEAWALL	2	0%	37	37	37	0%	37	37	5	0	RL	HARMON
6 SV	V	N/A	1,	317	Υ	Υ	2	2	SEAWALL	2	10%	5	N/A	24	0%	37	37	100	0	RL	BROOKS
7																					
8																					
9																					
					Run, RI- Riffle	e, RA- Rapid														_	
		P- Dam Pool S									1		Detailed D	escription of	Manmade Stru	ctures					
		at: Rocks 1, We								Reach/Stretch										4	
				rate (fine soi	ils) 2, Severe (no root mass) 3			R6S1	Galveston Str									4	
	,	1, Bad 2, Sev			_					R6S2	Footbridge at									4	
6 Co	mpaction: V	ery compact 1	, Somewhat	compact 2, I	_oose 3					R6S3	Seawall along	entire st	retch and w	ooden elevate	ed footbridge o	ver portion o	of stretch				
	ecies List									R6S4							third of stretch. Seawal	l along entir	e stretch.	_	
n-water v	-	Trees/Shru								R6S5					ridge. Floating o						
1 ca			Ash		0 Juniper		Sage			R6S6	Newport Brid	ge at end	of stretch a	nd seawall al	ong entire stret	ch.				1	
	asses		. Birch		1 Locust		Serviceberi	y												1	
3 lily			Bitterbrush		2 Manzanita		Snowberry														
4 ru:			Cherry		3 Maple		Spirea													1	
5 se	-		Chockcherry		4 Mtn Alder		Sumac													1	
roundco			Cottonwood		5 OR Grape		Willow													1	
	rget me not		Currant		6 Pondo		Yarrow														
	olden Rod		Dogwood		7 Rose	37	Developed													1	
8 Gr			Elderberry		8 Raspberry															J	
9 St	rawberry	19	Huckleberry	2	9 Rabbitbrush																<u> </u>

	Date:	1/16/2018		Reach #:	7		Overall le	ngth of re	ach:	4592	Flow direct	ion: N	S E W	<i>y</i>		Weather c	onditions:	Overcast			1
	Flow (BEN						- 70.0.1110			,332			"	-							1
	DEBOg		760)	Diversion to	tals upstrea	m of reach	1:	0		Water ten	ıp (DEB	Ogauge)	38.1	L	Surveyed I	y:	James Ada	ms		
	GENERAL	NOTEC:	Segment 3 ha	ad 8 access p	oints and seg	ment 4 had 6	access po	oints howe	ver both stre	tches were highl	y impacted.										
	GENERAL	NOTES:															Total # Access	245	i		
					-												Pts:				
																		Access		River	
	Channel Cond	ition		Bank Condi	ition:						Riprarian V	eg (ripari	ian zone)		Upland Ve	g (upland z	one)	Points	LWD	bank	Location
						Manmade															
					Presence of						%				%						
	Channel type			Length of			Erosion	Stability	Width of			In-water			Coverage	Ground			Number		
			Habitat (3)	Segment	(Y/N)	Below	(4)	(5)	Bank	Compaction (6)		Veg		Trees/Shrubs	of Viable		Trees/Shrubs	Quantity	of:	RR/RL	
		N/A	1,	844	N	Υ	1	1	SEAWALL	1		N/A		N/A	N/A	37	37	100	0	RR	Pacific Park
		N/A	1,	739	N	Υ	1	2	SEAWALL	2		N/A		N/A	N/A		24, 25, 26, 27	100	1	RR	Pioneer Park
			1, 2, 3	528	N	Υ	2	2	50	2	10%	2		24, 25, 33	N/A		20, 26	8	1	RR	First St. Rapids
			1, 3, 4	264	N	N	3	2	50	1	5%	2		20, 24, 25, 33	N/A		20, 26	6	1	RR	First St. Rapids
5	_	N/A	1, 2	528	Υ	N	2	2	50	2		2, 5	_	20, 24, 27, 33	N/A		20, 26	10	7	RR	First St. Rapids
			1, 2, 3	475	Υ	Υ	1	1	75 40	1	10%	1		11, 24, 27, 28	N/A	37	37	6	2	RL	First St. Rapids
	RU SS 1, 2, 4 528 Y Y 2 2									2	5%	2		20, 24, 27, 29	N/A	37	37	4	0	RL	First St. Rapids
8	S	N/A	1, 2	686	Υ	N	2	2	35	2	5%	2	8	20, 25, 27	N/A	37	37	11	4	RL	First St. Rapids
9 10																					
	Channel Type:	CIM Clock	Motor C C	low Motor	DII Due DI	Difflo DA	Donid				<u> </u>	l	ļ	l		Ļ		L		<u> </u>	
	Pool Types: D					- Kille, KA-	Kapiu						Detailed	Description of Ma	annada Chu					٦	}
	In-water habit					4				Reach/Stretch	Notoci		Detailed	Description of ivi	anmade Str	uctures					}
	Erosion: Minin						nt mace)	3			Seawall alo	ng entire	length				-			-	ł
	Stability: Good			odciate (iiii	30113) 2, 00	or one care	ot mass)	•						all along entire len	ath					-	
	Compaction: \			nat compact	t 2 Loose 3									edestrian bridge	igtii					-	i
"	compaction.	cry compac	c i , comewi	iat compac	. 2 , 20000 0						Pedestrian		ing and re	acstriair bridge				•			İ
	Species List												ble split ra	ail fencing. Ineffect	tive.		-			1	i
In-water	•	Trees/S	hrubs											3	-					1	i
	cattail		Ash	20	Juniper	30	Sage													1	i
2	grasses	11	Birch	21	Locust	31	Servicebe	rry												1	İ
3	lily	12	Bitterbrush	22	2 Manzanita	32	Snowberr	У													1
4	rush	13	Cherry	23	Maple .	33	Spirea														1
5	sedge	14	Chockcherry	24	Mtn Alder	34	Sumac					•	•	•	•			•	•		1
Ground	cover	15	Cottonwood	25	OR Grape	35	Willow							•			•				1
6	Forget me not	16	Currant	26	Pondo	36	Yarrow														1
7	Golden Rod	17	Dogwood	27	Rose	37	Develope	d												1	
8	Grass													J]						
9	Strawberry	19	Huckleberry	29	Rabbitbrush	1															

	Date:	1/30/2018		Reach #:	8		Overall leng	th of reach:		6542	Flow direction	on: N S	E W			Weather co	nditions:	Overcast		
		NOgauge /																		
	DEBO	gauge):	738			tals upstrear	n of reach:	0			Water tem	p (DEBOga	iuge):	39.6		Surveyed b	y:	J. Adams &	R. Richard	
	GENERA	L NOTES:	RL below for	otbridge is in	very poor co	ndition														
																		45	5	
								1	1	I							Total # Access Pts:			
												,	,		l		,	Access		L
	Channel Co	ndition		Bank Condit		Manmade					Riprarian Ve	g (riparian z	one)		Upland Veg	(upland zon	e)	Points	LWD	River bank
	Charact	Pool Types		Length of	Presence of Wetlands	(Y/N) List			Width of		0/ 6		Ground	Trees/Shru	0/ 0	C				
	Channel			_			F (4)	Ct - 1:11t - (E)		C (C)	% Coverage				% Coverage of Viable		Turner (Charaba	0	N	DD /DI
1	type (1)	(2) N/A	Habitat (3) 1, 2, 3	Segment 739		Below N	Erosion (4)	Stability (5)	200	Compaction (6)	100%	Veg 1, 2, 4, 5	Cover	bs 18, 24, 33	N/A	Cover 37	Trees/Shrubs 37	Quantity	Number of:	RR/RL
	RU	N/A		686		N	1	1	125	3		1, 2, 4, 5	8	18, 24, 33		37	20, 25, 26, 29	2		RR
	RA	SS. RP	1, 2, 3, 4	316	Y	IN V	1	1	200	3	100%	1, 2, 4, 5	8		25%	37	20, 25, 26, 29	3		RR
	RA RA	SS, RP	1, 2, 3, 4	680	V	v	1	1	25	1		2, 5	0	17, 24, 25		0	20, 26	4		RR
	RI	SS, RP	1, 2, 3, 4	422	Y	N	1	1	10	1		2, 5	N/A	17, 24, 23, 2	100%	0	20, 26, 30	4		RR
-	RI/RU	SS	1, 2, 3	422		N	1	1	50	2		2, 5	N/A	17, 24, 33	100%	0	20, 26, 30	2		RR
7	c KI/KU	N/A	1, 2, 3	897		N	2	1	20	2		1, 2, 4, 5	0	20, 24, 25, 2		37	37	2		RK DI
	RU	SS	1, 2, 4	950	-	N	2	2	50	2		1, 2, 4, 5	0	17, 24, 27,		0	20, 26, 29, 30	7		NL DI
	RA	SS. RP	1, 2, 3, 4	580	v	V	2	2	10	1		2, 4, 5	0	24, 27, 33	100%	0	20, 26, 29, 30	, c		NL DI
	RI	SS SS	1, 2, 3, 4	425	V	N	3	2	10	1		2, 4, 5	0	24, 27, 33		0	20, 26, 29, 30	5		RL
			1, 2, 3, 4	425		N	3	2	10	1		2, 4, 5	0	17, 24, 27, 2		0	20, 26, 29, 30	5		RL
12	III) IIO	33	1, 2, 3, 4	723		14	,	-	10	1	3070	2, 4, 3		17, 24, 27, 2	100%		20, 20, 23, 30	1		11.2
	Channel Tyr	ne: SW- Slac	k Water, S-	Slow Water	RU-Run F	RI-Riffle RA	- Ranid	l .					ı	1						
			ool SS - Scou			,					•		Detailed De	scription of I	/Janmade Sti	ructures			•	1
			. Wetlands 2			ık 4				Reach/Stretch	Notes:								•	Ì
			cohesion) 1, N				oot mass) 3			R8S2		Il by grass ed	lge apparent	v used to kee	p water out	of park				i
		od 1, Bad 2,		`	, ,	`	, -			R8S4	Pedestrian fo		0	,			•			i
			ct 1 , Some	what compa	ct 2. Loose	3				R8S7			have mowed	down riparia	n veg along t	his section.	•			i
		, ,								R8S8	Pedestrian fo				-0 0 -					1
	Species List													•					•	1
In-water veg		Trees/S	hrubs											•					•	1
1	cattail	10	Ash	20	Juniper	30	Sage													
2	grasses	11	Birch	21	Locust	31	Serviceberry	,												
3	lily	12	Bitterbrush	22	Manzanita	32	Snowberry												•	
4	rush	13	Cherry		Maple	33	Spirea													J
5	sedge	14	Chockcherry	24	Mtn Alder		Sumac]
Groundcove	r	15	Cottonwood		OR Grape	35	Willow]
6	Forget me n		Currant	26	Pondo		Yarrow										•]
7	Golden Rod		Dogwood	27	Rose	37	Developed]
8	Grass		Elderberry		Raspberry															J
9	Strawberry	19	Huckleberry	29	Rabbitbrush															

	Date:			Reach #:	9)	Overall leng	th of reach:		2763	Flow directi	on: N S	E W			Weather co	nditions:			
	Flow (BEN	Ogauge /	1																	
DEBOgauge):			Diversion totals upstream of reach:							Water temp (DEBOgauge):					Surveyed by	<i>j</i> :	James Adams & Ryan Richard			
	GENERAL	NOTES:																		
	GENERO 12																Total #	3		
																	Access Pts:	_		
											,	,						Access Points	LWD	
	Channel Con	laition		Bank Condi	tion:	Manmade					Riprarian Ve	g (riparian i	zone)		Upiana veg	(upland zone	e)	Points	LWD	River bank
					Presence of															
	Channel	Pool	In-water	Length of	Wetlands	(Y/N) List			Width of		% Coverage	In water	Ground		% Coverage	Ground	Trees/			
			Habitat (3)	Segment	(Y/N)	Below	Erosion (4)			Compaction (6)	of Viable	Veg	Cover	Trees/Shrubs	of Viable	Cover	Shrubs	Quantity	Number of:	DD/DI
1		SS (2)	1, 2	234	(1/N) V	N	1	1	5	1	20%	2	Q	17, 24, 27, 33, 35	75%	Q	SIII UDS	Quantity	number or.	RI
2		SS, RP	1, 2	525	Y	N	1	1	5	1	20%	2	8	17, 24, 27, 33, 35	75%	8			0	RL
3		SS	1, 2	264	v	N	1		25	2	35%	2	8	17, 24, 27, 33, 35	75%	8			0	RL
4		SS	1, 2	474	Y	N	1		25	1	35%	2	8	17, 25, 33, 35	100%	8			0	RL
5		SS, RP	1, 2, 3	1266	Y	N	1	1	5	1	20%	2	8	17, 24, 33, 35	100%	8			3	RL
6		,	_, _, -									_								
7																				
8																				
9																				
10																				
	1 Channel Typ	e: SW - Sla	ack Water, \$	S- Slow Wat	er, RU - Run	, RI- Riffle, I	RA- Rapid				•		•		•				•	
	2 Pool Types: I	DP - Dam	Pool SS- So	our Pool Ri	P- Riffle pool	l							Detailed D	escription of Manmac	le Structures					
	3 In-water habitat: Rocks 1									Reach/Stretch	Reach/Stretch Notes:									
	4 Erosion: Min				(fine soils) 2	, Severe (no	root mass)	3						•						
	5 Stability: Go																			
	6 Compaction:	: Very com	pact 1 , Som	ewhat com	pact 2, Loos	e 3														
	Species List													_						
In-water	-		Shrubs											_						
	1 cattail		Ash) Juniper		Sage							.						
	2 grasses		. Birch		Locust		Serviceberry							-	-					
	3 lily		Bitterbrush		2 Manzanita		Snowberry							.						
	1 rush		Cherry		Maple		Spirea							-	-					
	5 sedge		Chockcherry		Mtn Alder		Sumac													
						3/	Developed													
											<u> </u>									J
	over 6 Forget me no 7 Golden Rod 8 Grass 9 Strawberry	16 17 18	Cottonwood Currant Dogwood Elderberry Huckleberry	26 27 28	OR Grape Pondo Rose Raspberry Rabbitbrush	36 37	Willow Yarrow Developed													

	Date: 1/19/201			Reach #:	Riley		Overall length of reach:			7445 Flow direction: N S E W						Weather condi	tions:	Overcast		
		NOgauge / gauge):	749		Diversion totals upstream of reach: 0				_	Water temp (DEBOgauge): 38.4				8.4	Surveyed by:	yed by: James Adams				
	GENERAL NOTES:			pristine in nat	ture as we have	re as we have on BPRD property.														
	GENERA	E NOTES.																1	0	
																	Total # Access Pts:			
					·											·	Pts:	Access		
	Channel Condi	tion		Bank Condi	tion:						Riprarian Veg	(riparian z	zone)		Upland Veg	(upland zone)		Points	LWD	River bank
					Presence of	Manmade Structures														
	Channel type		In-water	Length of	Wetlands	(Y/N) List			Width of		% Coverage	In-water	Ground	4-1-	% Coverage					١.
		Pool Types (2)		Segment	(Y/N)	Below	Erosion (4)	Stability (5)	Bank	Compaction (6)	of Viable	Veg	Cover	Trees/Shrubs	of Viable	Ground Cover		Quantity	Number of:	
		SS RP SS RP	1, 2, 3, 4 1, 2, 3, 4	3590 264	Y	N	1	1		1	100%	2	8	17,, 24, 27, 33 17,, 24, 27, 33	100%	8, 29, 30 8, 29, 30	20, 26	0	UNDT	RR RR
		SS RP	1, 2, 3, 4	1162	Y	N	1	1		1	100%	2	8	17,, 24, 27, 33	100%	8, 29, 30	20, 26	3	UNDT	RR
		SS RP	1, 2, 3, 4	2059	Y	N	1	1		2	100%	2	8	17,, 24, 27, 33	100%	8, 29, 30	20, 26	2	UNDT	RR
		SS RP	1, 2, 3, 4	370	V	N	1	1		2	100%	2	8	17,, 24, 27, 33	100%	8, 29, 30	20, 26	2	UNDT	RR
6	110	55 IVI	1, 2, 3, 4	570		1	_	-		-	100%		U	17,, 24, 27, 33	100%	0, 23, 30	20, 20		ONDT	I
7																				
8																				
9																				
10																				
		SW- Slack Wa				e, RA- Rapid														-
		- Dam Pool S											Detailed D	escription of Manma	ide Structures					ļ
	3 In-water habitat: Rocks 1, Wetlands 2, LWD 3, Undercut bank 4 4 Erosion: Minimal (some cohesion) 1, Moderate (fine soils) 2, Severe (no root mass) 3						Reach/Stretch	Notes:									ļ			
				rate (fine so	ils) 2, Severe ((no root mass)	3										_			4
		1, Bad 2, Seve ery compact 1,												.						1
ь	Compaction: v	ery compact 1,	Somewhat	compact 2, i	Loose 3					-				•			.		-	┨
	Species List				•									•						1
In-water	•	Trees/Shru	bs									•			•		•	•		i
	cattail		Ash	20) Juniper	30	Sage													1
2	grasses	11	Birch	21	l Locust	31	Serviceberry	/												1
3	lily	12	Bitterbrush	22	2 Manzanita	32	2 Snowberry]
4	rush		Cherry		3 Maple		Spirea .													Į
5	sedge		Chockcherr		4 Mtn Alder		Sumac													Į
Groundco			Cottonwood		OR Grape		Willow												_	Į
	Forget me nots		Currant		6 Pondo		Yarrow													ļ
	Golden Rod		Dogwood		7 Rose	37	Developed													1
_	Grass		Elderberry		3 Raspberry															J
9	Strawberry	19	Huckleberry	/ 29	R abbitbrush															

Decel 4	A							
Reach 1	Armor access points for kayak launch Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs							
		frog						
	Safety signage for downstrean rapids Build steps from entry down hillside to prevent erosion	frog ecological uplift						
	Signage for restotation interpretation/access points	complexity						
	Fencing	protection v restoration						
	rending	•						
Reach 2	Flimata access naints	construction access fundable						
Reach 2	Elimate access points Armor 5-6 access points	Turidable						
	Fence key areas							
	Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs Relocate trail higher up on bank in certain areas	fundable non-fundable						
		Turidable Hori-Turidable						
	Signage for restotation interpretation/access points	master planning						
Reach 3 RR	Rebuild/armor beach	master planning						
Reacii 3 KK	Transition single rail to double rail fencing	ped planning						
	Signage for restotation interpretation/access points	ped planning						
	Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs	mainten an a						
		maintenance						
	Eliminate access points to prevent erosion	unlift convell for rover conce						
Reach 3 RL	Lay back bank in certain locations	uplift seawall rer reveg access						
Reach 5 KL	In water habitat LWD/Boulders							
	Bench areas for OSF habitat							
	Double split rail fence entire reach							
	Create armored access points							
	Create armored access area and fencing for dogs							
	Create affiliored access area and ferfoling for dogs							
Reach 4 RR	Transition single rail to double rail fencing							
	Replace interpretive signage							
	Armor access point where concrete abutment is							
	Evaluate "mudflat" for possible wetland revegetation							
	'							
Reach 4 RL	Transition single rail to double rail fencing							
	Rebuild/armor beach							
	Revegetate areas around bridge abutment							
	Rebuild/armor existing off leash dog access							
Reach 5 RR	BALLIANA I anadin n							
Reach 5 KK	Millers Landing Cut off access to beach on most northern property line							
	Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs							
	· ·							
	Modify access from boardwalk							
	Elimnate access at Old Millproperty line							
Reach 5 RL	Whitewater Park							
	Revegetate center island/passageway							
	199							
	Columbia Park							
	Revegetate riparian zone with trees and shrubs							
	Transition single rail to double rail fencing							
	Armor access point							
Reach 6	Brooks Park							
	In- water revegetation							
	Remove seawall lay back banks							
	Fencing							
	Harmon Park							
	N/A							

Reach 7	Pacific Park
	Remove seawall lay back bank
	Revegetate bank
	Pioneer Park
	Remove seawall lay back bank
	Create side channel habitat in mud flat
	LWD
	Fencing
	First St. Rapids RR- upstream of footbridge
	Fencing
	Upland revegetation
	Armor access point- pedestrian management plan
	Kayak access
	First St. Rapds RL-upstream of footbridge
	Blocking access
	Fencing
	First St.Rapids RR- downstream of footbridge
	Fencing
	Armor access points-pedestrian management plan
	First St.Rapids RL- downstream of footbridge
	Fencing
	Armor access points
	Revegetate upland
	In water habitat
Reach 8	Riverview Park
	Fencing
	Revegetate
	Sawyer Park RR- upstream of footbridge
	Fencing
	Revegetate
	Sawyer Park RL- upstream of footbridge
	Fencing
	Armor access points
	Revegetate
	Sawyer Park RR- downstream of footbridge
	Removal of stairs
	Fencing
	Sawyer Park RL- downstream of footbridge
	Fencing
	Armor access points
	Revegetate
Reach 9	N/A
Riley Ranch	N/A
INITED INTITUTE	19/7



RIVER ACCESS & STEWARDSHIP PLANNING



play for life

Project Overview-River Access & Stewardship Planning

The long term goals of this initiative are to protect and restore the habitat along the river's riparian corridor and identify and create sustainable access points to the river.

Riparian Zones



Functioning riparian zone Riley Ranch



Non-functioning riparian zone River left-Bill Healy bridge

Reach Areas



Channel Reach Condition

	Channel Cond	ition		Bank Conditio	in:						Riprarian Veg	(riparian zone))		Upland Veg (u	pland zone)		Access Points	LWD	River bar
	Channel type (1)	Pool Types (2)	In-water Habitat (3)			Manmade Structures (Y/N) List Below	Erosion (4)	Stability (5)	Width of Bank	Compaction (6)	% Coverage of Viable	In-water Veg	Ground Cover	Trees/Shrubs	% Coverage of Viable	Ground Cover	Trees/Shrubs	Quantity	Number of:	RR/RL
1	sw	N/A	1	315	N	Υ	3	2	50	1	0%	N/A	N/A	24, 26, 33	N/A	37	37	2		RR
2	sw	N/A	1	1 850	N	Υ	3	2	50	1	0%	N/A	N/A	20, 24, 26, 27, 29	N/A	37	37	9	0	RR
3	SW	N/A	2, 3, 4	681	Υ	Υ	2	2	50	2	40%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 24, 26, 27, 29	N/A	37	37	3	15	RR
4	SW	N/A	4	897	Υ	Υ	3	2	10	2	20%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 26, 27, 29	40%	8	20, 26, 29	8	0	RL
5			1, 2, 4	844	Υ	N	2	2	10	2	20%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 26, 27, 29, 33	25%	8	20, 26, 27, 33	20	0	RL
6	SW	N/A	1, 2, 4	633	Υ	Υ	3	2	30	2	40%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 26, 27, 29, 33	10%	8	20, 26, 33	7	0	RL
7																				
8																				
9																				
10																		<u> </u>		
11																				
12																				
13																				
14																				╙
15																				⊢
16																				₩
17				-																—
18																				⊢
19																				₩
20																				_

- 3 In-water habitat: Rocks 1, Wetlands 2, LWD 3, Undercut bank 4
- 4 Erosion: Minimal (some cohesion) 1, Moderate (fine soils) 2, Severe (no root mass) 3
- 5 Stability: Good 1, Bad 2, Severe 3
- 6 Compaction: Very compact 1 , Somewhat compact 2, Loose 3

ecies List

In-water veg	Trees/Shrubs		
1 cattail	10 Ash	20 Juniper	30 Sage
2 grasses	11 Birch	21 Locust	31 Serviceberry
3 lily	12 Bitterbrush	22 Manzanita	32 Snowberry
4 rush	13 Cherry	23 Maple	33 Spirea
5 sedge	14 Chockcherry	24 Mtn Alder	34 Sumac
Groundcover	15 Cottonwood	25 OR Grape	35 Willow
6 Forget me no	16 Currant	26 Pondo	36 Yarrow
7 Golden Rod	17 Dogwood	27 Rose	37 Developed
8 Grass	18 Elderberry	28 Raspberry	

Detailed Description of Manmade Structures							
Notes:							
Bill Healey Bridge / Beach / zero habitat. 2 access points but both span more or less the entirety of the segment.							
Single rail fencing with lots of access points							
Single rail fencing gives way to double rail fencing and the number of access points reduce considerably.							
Bill Healey Bridge. Old abuttment positioned at waters edge (base of old bridge), wide trail with no fencing.							
Foot Bridge.							

Reach 1 Conditions

River Rim Park













Reach 2 Conditions

Deschutes River Trail













Reach 3 RL Conditions

River Bend Park













Reach 3 RR Conditions

Farewell Bend Park













Reach 4 RL Conditions

Riverbend Park













Reach 4 RR Conditions

Farewell Bend Park













Reach 5 RL Conditions

Whitewater Park/Columbia Park













Reach 5 RR Conditions

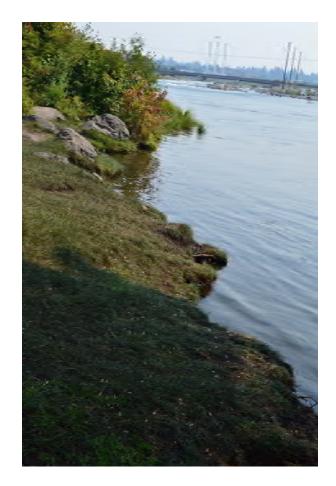
Millers Landing











Reach 6 RL Conditions



Harmon Park



Brooks Park



Reach 6 RR Conditions

Drake Park







Reach 7 Conditions



Pioneer Park



1St St. Rapids







Reach 7 RL Conditions

Deschutes River Trail- downstream of 1st St. rapids









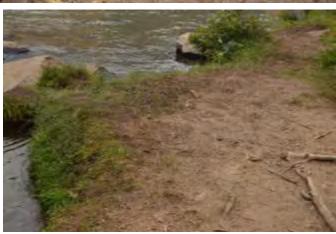
Reach 8 Conditions

Sawyer Park











Reach 9 Conditions





Reach 10-13 Riley Ranch







Summary of Concerns

- Multiple access points to river throughout
- Loss of riparian vegetation including groundcover, shrubs and overhead cover
- Lack of structural complexity in the water
- □ Erosion
- Lack of biological diversity
- Lack of off channel resting habitat
- Lack of overhead cover

Data Collection Tool- Reach 3

	Channel Cond	lition		Bank Conditio	ec:						Riprarian Veg	(riparian zone))		Upland Veg (s	upland zone)		Access Points	LWD	River bank
	Channel type (1)	Pool Types (2)	In-water Habitat (3)	Length of Segment	Presence of Wetlands (Y/N)	Manmade Structures (Y/N) List Below	Erosion (4)	Stability (5)	Width of Bank	Compaction (6)	% Coverage of Viable	In-water Veg	Ground Cover	Trees/Shrubs	% Coverage of Viable	Ground Cover	Trees/Shrubs	Quantity	Number of:	RR/RL
1	SW	N/A	1	315	N	Y	3		56	3	0%	N/A	N/A	24, 26, 13	N/A	37	30		2 6	D RR
2	SW	N/A	1	850	N	Y	3		50	3	0%	N/A	N/A	20, 24, 26, 27, 29	N/A	37	30			RR.
3	SW	N/A	2, 3, 4	681	Y	Y	2		54	2	40%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 24, 26, 27, 29	N/A	37	30		3 25	S RR
4	SW	N/A	4	897	Y	Y	3		10	2	20%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 26, 27, 29	40%		20, 26, 29		8 (0.85
5	SW	N/A	1, 2, 4	844	Υ.	N	2		10	2	2 20%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 26, 27, 29, 30	25%		20, 26, 27, 33	20	0 (D RL
6	SW	N/A	1, 2, 4	633	Y	Y	3	-	30	2	40%	2, 4, 5	8	20, 26, 27, 29, 33	10%		20, 26, 10		7 (D RL
7																				$\overline{}$
8																				-
9																				-
10																				-
11																				-
12																				-
13																			-	-
14						t				t		i						1		
15																			_	-
16												_								-
17																			_	-
18				_		_				_		_		_				_	-	-
19						_		_	_		_			_		_		_	_	-
20				_		_		_	_					_		_	_	_	_	-
	Channel Type:	5W. Stock Wa	der S. Slow W.	later, RU-Run,	BL Diffic RA-1	Rapid														_
	Pool Types: Di				id rome, ror								Detailed Desc	ription of Man	made Structure					1
				3. Undercut be	ok 4					Reach/Stretch	Motes		Detailed Desc	represent or mean	made 30 actors					1
				ate (fine soils) 2		of manual 2				R351		den / Beach / n	ero habitat. 2 a	roses malests but	both coan mo	on or less the e	ationty of the s	asment		1
	Stability: Good			and (mile soms) a	i, devere (no no	ACC INSIDE OF				R352		cing with lots of		ccess points ou	t both span mo	re or less the e	morety or one st	egment.		1
				ompact 2, Loose						R353			to double rail fe	ncing and the c	umber of seco	er mainte ender	a considerable			4
			, somewhat co	orripaci z, Loosi																4
	Species List									R354 Bill Healey Bridge. Old abuttment positioned at waters edge (base of old bridge), wide trail with no fencing.						4				
rater veg		Trees/Shr								R356	Foot Bridge.									4
	cattail		Ash		Juniper		Sage				_									4
	grasses		Birch		Locust		Serviceberry													4
	My		Bitterbrush		Manzanita		t Snowberry													4
	rush		Cherry		Maple		Spirea													4
5	sedge		Checkcherry		Mtn Alder		Sumac													1
undcover			Cottonwood		OR Grape		Willow													J
6	Forget me not	16	Currant	26	Pondo	36	Yarrow													j
7	Golden Rod	17	Dogwood	27	Rose	37	Developed]
8	Grass	18	Elderberry	28	Raspberry					1		1.0	107	12		1.0	**	12	1.0	1
																				-

Reach 3 Existing Conditions









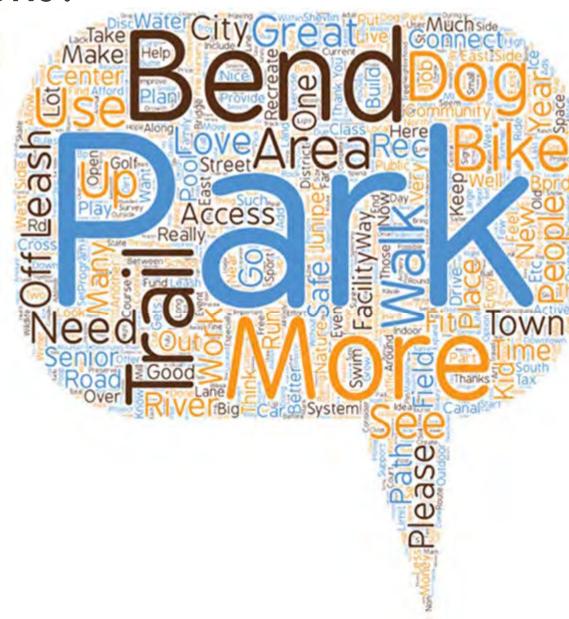
Restoration Opportunities-Reach 3

- Bank stabilization/laying back banks
- In water habitat- LWD, rocks, pool creation, wetland habitat
- Revegetation- riparian, upland, overhead cover
- Fencing
- Armored access points
- Educational opportunities

Next Steps

- Establish Collaborative Agreement between BPRD and UDWC for future work on riparian protection and restoration.
- OWEB Technical Assistance application to help fund the design of the first priority reach on river left from Bill Healy bridge to the Farewell Bend footbridge.
- Continue collaboration on riparian restoration on Drake Park

Questions?





APPENDIX 5

COMMUNITY SURVEY SUMMARIES

Deschutes River Access and Habitat Restoration Plan February 2020 Community Survey Results

Introduction

As part of the public engagement scope for the Deschutes River and Habitat Restoration Plan, the Bend Parks and Recreation District (BPRD) solicited input from the community regarding their current use of the rivers, as well as their desires related to access and habitat restoration. This input was gathered via a community survey that was available from February 10 through February 28, 2020. The survey was advertised on the BPRD website, BPRD social media pages, BPRD newsletters, stakeholder email list (reaching over 100 individuals and their associated organizations, as applicable) and focus group member outreach. After one week of the survey being open, a number of groups were identified as having more limited responses, including surfers and anglers. In addition, the Spanish language survey had a low number of responses. To address this, BPRD completed more targeted outreach to these groups including attending meetings frequented by these groups and requesting input, targeted outreach to individuals affiliated with these groups, targeted outreach on social media pages associated with these groups, and additional personal email outreach. This additional outreach did result in an increase in responses from these groups. It should also be noted that a number of Latino community members we spoke with indicated that they preferred to complete the survey in English.

Overall, BPRD received 712 responses to the survey. BPRD was pleased with the response – both the overall quantity of responses, as well as the breadth of user groups whom provided their feedback. BPRD believes the feedback received from this survey will be informative in the development of projects and related priorities for ultimate inclusion in the Deschutes River Access and Habitat Restoration Plan.

What follows is a summary of the survey results focused on key take-aways from the survey results.

Key Take-aways

The survey included high level questions to ascertain most prevalent river use activities and to better understand perceptions, desire and concerns related to the Deschutes River parks. In addition, the survey also included more targeted questions associated with specific user groups. This section is focused on high level questions associated with river access and habitat restoration.

Top Three Activities

There are many uses along and within the river, and the survey inquired about the top three activities that people enjoy at the river. What follows is a summary of the top three uses, based upon the survey results.

Use Type	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Total
		Respondents
Trail walking, running or biking	592	83%
Paddling the river	307	43%
Floating the river	281	40%

As evidenced by the data, individuals enjoy activities at the bank edge, as well as activities within the water. Other popular activities included taking your dog swimming or wading along the river and visiting a park along the river. For the Spanish survey, sitting or standing on the river falls within the top three activities (instead of paddling, as seen with the overall results).

Most used parks for the top three activities

As a follow-up question to the top three activities individuals enjoy at the river, the survey asked at which parks individuals enjoy these activities. What follows is a summary of the top three parks for the identified most prevalent activities, based upon the survey results.

Park	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Total			
		Respondents			
Farewell Bend	525	74%			
Riverbend	466	69%			
Drake	452	64%			

The identified parks are consistent with the preferred activities noted in response to question 1 as they are popular locations for trail use, and paddling and floating the river. Other popular parks included McKay, Miller's Landing, Sawyer and First Street Rapids.

River Access Satisfaction

The 2017 Community Needs survey completed for the BPRD comprehensive plan identified riverfront parks and areas to access the river as two of the seven highest priority needs. Given that the district has 16 parks along eight miles of the Deschutes River, as well as approximately 119 access points along this eight-mile stretch, BPRD is trying to better understand what is driving the requests for more riverfront parks and access points. Given that satisfaction with the existing river access may factor into the desires for additional river access, a survey question inquired about satisfaction with river access for desired activities. Below is a summary of the responses based upon the 694 people that answered this question:

Satisfaction level	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Total Respondents*
Very Satisfied	152	22%
Satisfied	300	43%
Neutral	135	19%
Dissatisfied	74	11%
Very Dissatisfied	33	5%

As illustrated in the table, the majority of respondents were either satisfied or neutral regarding existing river access, with approximately 16% of respondents dissatisfied. Lack of satisfaction by this minority of the population may have contributed to the Community Survey results that indicated that more river access is necessary.

Top Three Concerns

Concerns or opportunities for improvements at the BPRD river parks may be another reason Community Survey results have previously indicated that riverfront parks and access to the river are an unmet need. To better understand current community concerns related to riverfront parks, the survey inquired about what concerns respondents had related to these parks. Below are the top six responses, which were concerns expressed by at least one-third of the respondents. Respondents could choose as many concerns as they desired.

Concerns	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Total			
		Respondents			
Bank Erosion	321	48%			
Number of People	307	46%			
Litter	289	43%			
Vegetation being Trampled	286	43%			
Parking Availability	272	41%			
Behavior of People	254	40%			

The top concerns include a focus on both access and habitat degradation, indicative of the communities' concerns related to both of these facets of the river. For the Spanish survey, the lack of trash can availability scored as the 2nd top concern and the number of people in the park was one of the lowest concerns.

Transportation Mode Choice

Given that BPRD has heard over time that parking is a challenge at some river parks, the survey included a question to understand how people get to the parks. Respondents were invited to identify all modes that apply to them. Below is a summary of the responses.

Mode Choice	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Total Respondents
Personal Vehicle	603	89%
Walk or Bike	346	51%
Carpool	121	18%
Ride the River Shuttle	63	9%
Other	8	1.2%
Other Public Transit	5	0.7%
I Don't go to the Deschutes	3	0.4%

As evidenced by the data, the large majority of respondents access the river parks via a single occupancy vehicle, which could be contributing to the parking challenges at river parks.

Importance of Improving Wildlife Habitat

In order to better understand the importance, the respondents placed upon the need for improving wildlife habitat along the Deschutes River, the survey included a question specific to this. As illustrated below, the vast majority of respondents (86%) felt that improving habitat was either very or somewhat important. This illustrates the need to focus on both habitat restoration, as well as access improvements.

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Total				
		Respondents				
Very Important	429	63%				
Somewhat Important	155	23%				
Neutral	57	8%				
Not Important	35	5%				
Don't know	4	0.6%				

^{*} Due to rounding, the total is off by 0.4 percent

Deschutes River Access and Habitat Restoration Plan Draft Project List Community Survey Results Summary March 2021

Introduction

As part of the public engagement scope for the Deschutes River Access and Habitat Restoration Plan (Plan), the Bend Parks and Recreation District (BPRD) solicited input from the community regarding their current use of the river, as well as their opinions on the 33 projects included in the <u>Draft Project List</u>. This input was gathered via a non-statistically valid community survey that was available from February 9th through February 28, 2021. The survey was advertised on the BPRD website, social media pages, newsletters, A-frame signs at three park locations, stakeholder email list (reaching nearly 300 individuals and organizations) and focus group (a group made up of 14 community members representing agency, recreational, environmental, business and educational interests who are helping inform plan development) member outreach. The survey was available in both English and Spanish, and 41 people either took the survey in Spanish or identified as Latinx in the English language survey. The Latinx and Spanish language responses remain low in relationship to Bend's overall population (4% of survey vs. 9% of the population) and BPRD will continue to strive for more representative engagement for the Plan and out other outreach efforts.

Overall, BPRD received 980 responses to the survey. The respondents represented residents of every Bend neighborhood and nearly half took the time to provide open ended comments. BPRD is utilizing these survey results as an additional data point to help inform and refine the draft project list.

The survey included 42 questions, including an open-ended question that received 435 responses. What follows is a high-level summary of the survey results focused on key take-aways. Unless specifically noted, survey responses from the Spanish language survey or those who identified as Latinx, generally align with the overall survey results.

Key Take-aways

A number of questions in the survey were more general in nature. High level results from some key overarching questions include:

- <u>Location of residence</u>: Though survey respondents represented all 14 Bend neighborhoods, those who had the most respondents included River West (19%), Southwest Bend (12%) and Southern Crossing (10%). For the respondents who took the survey in Spanish or who identified as Latinx, the top three neighborhoods were Southwest Bend (17%), Old Farm District (12%) and Summit West (12%).
- <u>Activities:</u> When asked which top three activities respondents enjoyed at river parks, 84% choose trail walking, running or biking, 50% chose paddling the river and 31% chose visiting a park along the river. For the respondents who took the survey in Spanish or who identified as Latinx, the first and second choice activities were the same, while floating the river was the third most enjoyed activity.
- <u>Parks visited:</u> The Plan focuses on 14 riverfront parks and when asked which parks they frequent for the activities noted in the bullet above (and asked to check as many as apply), the top three most visited parks were Farewell Bend Park (77%), Riverbend Park (70%) and Drake Park (64%).
- <u>River access satisfaction:</u> When asked about satisfaction with river access, 75% indicated they were satisfied, 13% indicated they were dissatisfied and 12% had no opinion.

The remainder of the questions were specifically focused on the draft project list. Below are results from select projects where consensus by the Focus Group had not been achieved, projects that had significant public input in the comments section, and projects that received the most/least support from survey respondents.

 <u>Cedarwood Trailhead, Parking Options:</u> For Cedarwood trailhead, the survey asked respondents to identify their preferred project from four options. The responses were fairly split between options, specifically: 37% preferred the addition of a few parking spaces, 31% didn't know or didn't have an opinion, 17% desired no changes at the trailhead and 15% preferred a short-term loading zone at the trailhead.

- <u>Farewell Bend Park Parking:</u> The potential project at Farewell Bend Park to add more parking was the most popular project based upon survey respondents' feedback, both in the positive nature of the responses to the question specifically about the project and as noted below, the responses to the question that asked people to select their top three projects. For the project specific question, 79% of respondents supported this project, 14% of respondents didn't support this project and 7% didn't know or had no opinion.
- Riverbend Park, Permanent Dog Off-leash Water Access: The survey inquired about the potential for an off-leash dog water access at Riverbend Park. Fifty-eight percent of respondents agreed with this project, 23% of respondents disagreed with this project and 20% were unsure or had no opinion. The permanent off-leash water access received more support than the seasonal off-leash dog water access points at Farewell Bend and Riverbend beaches. Respondents agreed with those two projects 42% and 46%, respectively. Correspondingly, 37% of respondents disagree with seasonal access at Farewell Bend Park and 34% of respondents disagree with seasonal access at Riverbend Park.
- <u>Miller's Landing Park Access Points:</u> The potential project at Miller's Landing Park includes closure of the downstream access point and associated habitat restoration, as well as improvement of the boardwalk access point. The majority of respondents agreed with this project. Specifically, 68% of respondents agreed with this project, 16% disagreed with this project and 16% had no opinion or didn't know.
- <u>Columbia Park access points:</u> The survey inquired about the potential to close both the designated and user created access points at Columbia Park and to complete habitat restoration. Fifty-four percent of respondents agreed with this project, 30% of respondents disagreed with the project and 16% had no opinion or were unsure.
- <u>Pioneer Park rock wall:</u> The potential project at Pioneer Park includes the removal of the rock wall and creation of a more natural riparian area. With the exception of the two seasonal off-leash dog water access areas, this project was the one that survey respondents disagreed with the most. Specifically, 40% of respondents agreed with this project, 31% of respondents disagreed with this project and 28% had no opinion or were unsure.
- <u>Most supported projects:</u> When questioned about the three projects that were most important to them, the following projects received the most support:
 - 1. Farewell Bend Park installation of additional parking and a loading zone: 26%
 - 2. Spanning the River installation of signage and kiosks: 15%
 - 3. Riverbend Park permanent dog off-leash water access: 15%

For the respondents who took the survey in Spanish or who identified as Latinx, the top project was consistent with 22% support, however, the second most important project was Riverbend Park – improve beach to include accessible boat launch (22%) and Farewell Bend Park, South – consolidate and improve access points (19%).

The final question provided respondents the opportunity to share additional thoughts with the BPRD team. As noted previously, 435 people took the opportunity to share additional feedback with BPRD. Key highlights include:

- <u>Columbia Park project</u> extensive comments on this project, with the majority expressing a desire to keep the designated access point open.
- <u>Cedarwood Trailhead project</u> a number of comments were received about this project with the majority requesting that no parking be added.
- Off-leash dog water access numerous comments on this topic were fairly evenly split between those advocating for off-leash dog water access and those opposed to off-leash dog water access.

As noted previously, this is a high-level summary of survey response data. A comprehensive packet of survey responses is available upon request from BPRD.



APPENDIX 6

PROJECT IDEAS CONSIDERED
BUT DISMISSED

Project Ideas Considered but Dismissed

What follows are all projects that were suggested by the Focus Group, community or BPRD staff, and were subsequently dismissed for a variety of reasons. The list includes 60 projects, which are arranged by park. Each project includes the park name, project description and rationale for dismissal of the project. Note that in some cases, projects would still be completed, but they are not included within the plan (as they are considered maintenance). In addition, some projects may be considered as part of other development projects. Finally, just because a project is listed in this section does not mean that it will never happen, however, BPRD staff does not anticipate the potential for any of these projects to move forward during the development horizon for the plan.

- Systemwide: Addition of educational signage at select access points to indicate if dog usage is or is not acceptable at that location. Just a "No Dogs, Please" or "Dogs OK" at popular access sites might help.
 - a. This project will be considered as part of the broader systemwide project to implement consistent signage throughout the river parks that aligns with existing BPRD sign guidelines.
- 2. River Rim Park: Permanent off-leash dog water access.
 - a. Dismissed due to the proximity to residential uses, healthy riparian vegetation, limited parking, danger associated with the rapids and steep slope that would foster erosion.
- 3. Farewell Bend Park, Cedarwood Trailhead: Permanent off-leash dog water access.
 - a. Dismissed due to proximity to residential uses, fast current, healthy riparian vegetation and limited parking.
- 4. Farewell Bend Park, Cedarwood Trailhead: Addition of restrooms at the Cedarwood Trailhead.
 - a. Dismissed because this project is outside of the scope of the plan.
- 5. <u>Farewell Bend Park, Cedarwood Trailhead:</u> Addition of a few parking spaces at the Cedarwood Trailhead to ease parking constraints.
 - a. Dismissed because the expressed community need focused on loading and unloading watercraft. A loading zone would better meet this need and complement the existing parking spaces.
- 6. <u>Farewell Bend Park, Cedarwood Trailhead:</u> Consider creation of accessible water access, including the addition of an accessible trail to the water.
 - a. Dismissed because no accessible parking exists, meeting grades would be challenging and would likely require switchbacks. Riverbend and Farewell Bend beaches were determined as more appropriate areas to focus on for accessible access.
- 7. <u>Farewell Bend Park, Cedarwood Trailhead:</u> Address parking concerns/neighborhood compatibility at Cedarwood Trailhead with one of the following three projects (a) no changes to the parking/loading at the trailhead (b) addition of a few parking space, or (c) development of a short-term loading zone only.
 - a. Dismissed because the community didn't show strong support for changes to the parking at this location.
- 8. Farewell Bend Park, Upriver of Bill Healy: Permanent off-leash dog water access.
 - Dismissed because the site is adjacent to residential uses, healthy riparian vegetation, potential impacts to the Deschutes River Trail and proximity to the Riverbend South Restoration Project.

- 9. <u>Farewell Bend Park. Under Bill Healy:</u> Evaluate area under Healy Bridge for dedicated permanent off-leash dog swim area and potential improvements to safely facilitate that use.
 - a. Dismissed because the property is not owned by the district, it is an unwelcoming environment, the owner expressed desire to limit use due to bridge structural integrity considerations, danger associated with the fast current and proximity to the Riverbend South Restoration project.
- 10. Farewell Bend Park, Downstream of Bill Healy: Modify the dock to provide ADA access.
 - a. Dismissed because of potential challenges launching here due to existing mudflat. Accessibility improvements to be focused on Riverbend and Farewell Bend beaches.
- 11. <u>Farewell Bend, Downstream of Bill Healy:</u> Continue to remove debris—like cables and railroad ties—from river.
 - a. Dismissed because this work would be best considered in coordination with a project occurring proximate to such debris.
- 12. <u>Farewell Bend Park, Downstream of Bill Healy:</u> Create a swimming area between the boardwalk and footbridge. Use the existing boardwalk as part of the river access.
 - a. Dismissed because this was determined not to be a suitable swimming area given the mud flats and sensitive habitat.
- 13. <u>Farewell Bend Park, Downstream of Bill Healy:</u> Permanent off-leash dog water access at the existing canoe access.
 - a. Dismissed because concerns were expressed by regulatory bodies, the site is within a critical habitat area, there is private property downriver and the site has a steep slope that would make it prone to erosion.
- 14. <u>Farewell Bend Park, Downstream of Bill Healy:</u> Provide seasonal off-leash dog water access at the existing beach.
 - a. Dismissed due to minimal community support for this project.
- 15. Riverbend Park: Add sand volleyball courts.
 - a. Dismissed because this project is outside of the scope of the plan.
- 16. Riverbend Park, Near Bill Healy Bridge: Permanent off-leash dog water access.
 - a. Dismissed due to concerns regarding impacts to the Riverbend South Restoration project's habitat restoration long walk from parking, and user conflicts.
- 17. <u>Riverbend Park:</u> Locate a small access point downstream of the beach. This could help disperse users and provide a different experience. Would need to evaluate an appropriate location and use. Perhaps near the eastern/downriver edge of the park, where vegetation is not great.
 - a. Dismissed to focus on enlarging the existing beach to provide improved access.
- 18. <u>Riverbend Park:</u> Consider enhanced access between the river and the Haul Road Trail, including potential construction of an overlook.
 - a. Dismissed because this project is outside of the scope of the plan.
- 19. <u>Riverbend Park:</u> Provide seasonal off-leash dog water access at the existing beach. Could be used as a pilot project for permanent off-leash dog water access and then removed once permanent access is installed.
 - a. Dismissed due to minimal community support for this project.
- 20. <u>McKay Park:</u> Consider an extensive re-design. A radically more meandering fish passage channel and comprehensive park re-design could enable creation of a diversity of habitats, water access

areas for a variety of family recreation sites and safer and more recreationally successful whitewater features.

- a. Dismissed as substantial monies were just recently invested in the development of this park and BPRD continues to evaluate and address the performance of the park. A future plan could consider a more extensive redesign.
- 21. <u>McKay Park:</u> Evaluate alternative projects to protect vegetation on the river side of the path, given that the existing split rail fences at each fish channel drop are inadequate to protect vegetation.
 - a. Dismissed because it is challenging for vegetation to thrive in this location.
- 22. McKay Park Existing Beach: Seasonal off-leash dog water access
 - a. Dismissed due to potential downriver riparian area impacts, limited parking and user conflicts.
- 23. Miller's Landing Park: Armor existing downstream access point.
 - a. Given proximity to residential properties and the extreme degradation experienced at this access point, staff recommends closing it and enhancing the boardwalk access site to provide a consolidated, armored option for multiple user groups.
- 24. <u>Miller's Landing Park:</u> Coordinate with William Smith Properties Inc. to better secure the east side of the river/pathway to prevent habitat degradation.
 - a. Dismissed as this site is on private property and outside of the scope of this project.
- 25. <u>Miller's Landing Park:</u> Evaluate working with William Smith Properties Inc. on their property on the upstream side of park which would be a good location for boat launch. However, habitat concerns should be taken into account given the Whitewater park's habitat channel is immediately upstream.
 - a. Dismissed as this site is on private property and outside of the scope of this project.
- 26. <u>Miller's Landing Park:</u> Permanent off-leash dog water access at southern user-created access point.
 - a. Dismissed due to healthy riparian vegetation, potential impacts to the habitat channel, immediately adjacent to private property, and user conflicts.
- 27. South of Miller's Landing Park: Permanent off-leash dog water access.
 - a. Dismissed due to healthy riparian vegetation, potential impacts to the habitat channel, the site is on private property, and user conflicts.
- 28. Columbia Park: Add permanent restrooms to park.
 - a. Dismissed because this project is outside of the scope of the plan.
- 29. Columbia Park: Add ADA fishing spot.
 - a. Dismissed due to lack of sufficient space. Determined to be an infeasible project.
- 30. Columbia Park: Add bench/viewing spot upstream of bridge.
 - a. Dismissed as this project would negatively impact the healthy existing vegetation.
- 31. Columbia Park: Armor the existing access point
 - a. Dismissed due to safety concerns. This access point significantly contributes to bridge jumping at the adjacent bridge and closure will address this issue. Access continues to be provided at Miller's Landing Park.
- 32. Columbia Park: Permanent off-leash dog water access.
 - a. Dismissed due to healthy vegetation, limited parking, narrow river channel, classification as a neighborhood park, proximity to residential uses, space constraints and steep slope.

- 33. Drake Park Existing Beach: Seasonal off-leash dog water access
 - a. Dismissed as the project would conflict with adjacent uses, create additional erosion, limited parking exists, proximity to residential uses and user conflicts.
- 34. Harmon Park: Remove the chain link fence even if only portions of it.
 - a. Dismissed due to safety concerns given proximity to playground and existing ballfield use.
- 35. <u>Harmon Park:</u> Lay back the retaining wall and restore habitat. The area is already shallow, and dredging tailings could build up the land there. (FG)
 - a. Dismissed because this site is not BPRD property, this project would decrease the size of the park and would change the nature of the park.
- 36. <u>Harmon Park:</u> Repurpose the boat house for community usage rather than BPRD recreation program storage.
 - a. Dismissed because the boat house is used for community purposes including recreational programming and preschool.
- 37. <u>Pageant Park:</u> Improve ease of access to the water by widening the existing step and adding a second step to allow for use in the winter when the water is lower.
 - a. Dismissed as the dock is in good condition and works for most uses.
- 38. Pageant Park: Addition of an accessible boat access
 - a. <u>Dismissed given the constraints associated with creating accessible access at this location and close proximity of new accessible access at Drake Park</u>
- 39. <u>Brooks Park:</u> Consider modifications to the dock to provide ADA accessible boat access.
 - a. Dismissed as no accessible parking exists at this location and other parks such as Harmon and Pageant would be more suitable for this project.
- 40. Pacific Park: Provide a dog off-leash water access.
 - a. Dismissed due to proximity of residential uses, narrowness of property, high potential for user conflict, difficulty to retrieve dogs if swept downstream and moderate river width.
- 41. Pioneer Park: Construct a take-out here to allow for safe take-out prior to dam.
 - a. Dismissed due to safety concerns with dam.
- 42. Pioneer Park: Evaluate the south end of the park as a potential area for dog swimming.
 - a. Dismissed because the project would be costly and complicated, would conflict with neighboring uses and events, dam poses safety issue, impact to historical character of park, proximity to residential uses and user conflicts.
- 43. Pioneer Park: Add ADA fishing spot.
 - a. Dismissed due to shallow water levels and mudflats along the bank.
- 44. Pioneer Park: Remove the rock wall and create a more natural riparian area.
 - a. Dismissed due to minimal community support and because the construction of this project would likely fall outside of the time horizon for the plan.
- 45. <u>First Street Rapids Park, River Right:</u> Extend the fencing on the northern side of the BPRD property all the way to the river to prevent trespassing onto private property.
 - a. Dismissed as this access needs to be maintained as the only access point for maintenance, fire suppression and safety.
- 46. First Street Rapids Park: Install boat house for boat storage and a place to change and gather.

- a. Dismissed as there are space constraints, insufficient parking, and the site is not a high boat usage site per the community survey.
- 47. First Street Rapids Park: Remove parking on one side of First Street.
 - a. Dismissed as this is outside of the scope of the plan. City staff has been alerted of this request.
- 48. <u>First Street Rapids Park:</u> Addition of vegetation near ADA access sidewalk to First Street Rapids Park in order to prevent cutting of the switchback.
 - a. Dismissed as existing switchback cutting is minimal and no vegetation currently exists that is being damaged.
- 49. First Street Rapids Park, River Left: Permanent off-leash dog water access.
 - a. Dismissed because of fast current, healthy riparian vegetation, limited parking, proximity to residential uses, space constraints and a steep slope that would make this site more susceptible to erosion.
- 50. <u>First Street Rapids Park, River Right:</u> Permanent off-leash dog water access.
 - Dismissed because the project would conflict with adjacent uses, proximity to residential uses, fast current, limited parking, space constraints and user conflicts.
- 51. Riverview Park: Maintain access for boats.
 - a. Dismissed as access will be maintained.
- 52. Riverview Park: Consider cosmetic improvements, such as removing the chain-link fence.
 - a. Dismissed as outside of the scope of the plan.
- 53. Riverview Park: Renovate path to make more accessible
 - a. Dismissed given significant cost for a low usage park. Should be re-evaluated in partnership with the City of Bend when the Core Area Plan is implemented, which will likely increase usership of the park.
- 54. Sawyer Park: Sawyer Park: Consider addition of fencing upriver along OB Riley Road.
 - a. Dismissed as this will be considered as part of the CIP project to address parking at Sawyer Park.
- 55. Sawyer Park: Consider addition of a permanent restroom.
 - a. Dismissed because this is outside of the scope of the plan.
- 56. <u>Sawyer Park:</u> Evaluate the addition of parking spaces as part of the parking project to occur in 2023 given that parking is already heavily utilized in summer.
 - a. Dismissed as this will be considered as part of the CIP project to address parking at Sawyer Park.
- 57. Sawyer Park: Consider cooperative parking agreements with nearby businesses.
 - a. Dismissed as this will be considered as part of the CIP project to address parking at Sawyer Park.
- 58. <u>Sawyer Park:</u> BPRD in partnership with DogPAC to further evaluate possibilities for dog swimming.
 - a. Dismissed because of fast river current/proximate rapids, long walk from the parking lot, narrow river corridor, and it is a preeminent birding area.
- 59. <u>Miller's Landing Park</u>: Redesign the boardwalk access for safety, accessibility, and the potential for it to be the only access point at Miller's Landing Park
 - a. Dismissed as this was combined with the other project at Miller's Landing.



APPENDIX 7

DOG OFF-LEASH RIVER
ACCESS ANALYSIS

Summary of Dog Off-Leash Water Access Research February 26, 2021

Background:

In order to better understand how other jurisdictions address dog off-leash water access, Dan Miller requested feedback from his colleagues regarding examples of dog off-leash water access in the jurisdictions where they are working or have done work. This data, along with data compiled by district staff based upon research of ten jurisdictions with similarities to Bend (Missoula, Montana; Boulder, Colorado; Austin, Texas; Corvallis, Oregon; Medford, Oregon; Eugene, Oregon; Willamalane, Oregon; Tualatin Hills, Oregon; Boise, Idaho; and Portland Oregon) resulted in the development of our initial data analysis. A summary of the results of this data analysis were presented to the board during the board work session on January 19, 2021.

Subsequent to this presentation, DogPAC provided an additional 35 potential locations with off-leash dog water access to be included in the data analysis. District staff has researched each of these additional locations and determined that some were already on our list, some should be added to our list, and some should be added to our list but require additional information. The result of this analysis is a total of 44 potential exemplary off-leash dog water access locations that we can draw learnings from as we work to identify potential locations for off-leash dog water access along the Deschutes River in Bend. Of these 44 locations, we identified 19 confirmed locations with creek/river access, 12 locations that may have creek/river access where data needs to be confirmed, and 13 locations with alternative (lake, pond, slough, wading pools) off-leash dog water access.

Research Goals:

The goals of this research were to identify examples of off-leash dog water access in other jurisdictions in order to gather insights about the following things:

- The approximate size of off-leash dog water access sites;
- Adjacent uses;
- Challenges and opportunities for existing off-leash dog water access sites;
- Types of bodies of water; and
- Future contacts to reach out to for insights on site design, etc.

The research has been effective in giving us insights on the points above and most importantly providing us some examples of existing sites and contacts for future engagement as necessary.

Summary of Data:

The data in the subsequent spreadsheet in not necessarily representative of the prevalence, design, etc. of off-leash dog water access areas throughout the country. As noted in the background section, this data is a snapshot of off-leash dog water access areas throughout the country based upon feedback from National Park Service — River, Trails and Conservation Assistance Program employees, district research of jurisdictions with similarities to Bend and sites identified by DogPAC. Based upon the data we found, what follows is a high-level summary of key takeaways.

- Size/Adjacent Uses We could not find the acreage for all creek/river access areas, but for those we found data on, the majority exceed five acres in size. For context, 10 of the 16 river parks along the Deschutes River are 5 acres or less. Of the smaller acreage areas, many exist in the middle of large cities (Portland, Austin, Boise, etc.) where residential areas are minimal and/or the water access is in the middle of the park or along a larger water source.
- Water Bodies: There are variety of water access types including lakes, ponds, rivers/creeks and wading pools. In addition, we also found some ocean river access, but that data has not been added to the spreadsheet as it was outside of our research scope.
- **Users:** The majority of sites evaluated were fenced (partially or completely) and were focused on a single user group (dogs and their owners).
- Amenities: The dog parks include other amenities like water fountains, trails, poop bags, trash cans, and benches. Many of the off-leash dog parks have fencing, and some that did not voiced challenges with dogs running into roads and dog/user conflicts.

Though none of the sites we found were directly comparable to off-lease dog water access on the Deschutes River at district parks, the data we found did help provide insights as we continue to collectively explore how to address the expressed community desire for off-leash dog water access.

No.	Location	Park Name	Ownership	Park Size	Type of water access/amenities	Water Body Type	Challenges/Notes	Contact	More Information
	Creeks and Rivers - Confirmed Off-leash Water Access								
				N/A - no	This appears to be a trail walk with water access. It's				
		Sourdough		_	USFS land and not specifically for dogs, but off-leash				https://www.fs.usda.gov/recarea/custer
1	Bozeman, MO	Canyon	City	area found	access is allowed.	Creek/River		N/A	gallatin/recarea/?recid=81165
					The off-leash dog park is located in Bear Creek Regional				
					Park. The dog park was established in 1997 and is open				
					year-round to canine visitors and their people. The park is				
					comprised of open prairie, hills, woods and a 1/3-mile-				
					long stretch of Bear Creek. There are several walking				
					trails running the length and circumference of the area,				
					including the 3/4-mile primary loop, and several				
					secondary trails. The park includes areas for dogs and				
					people to wade and play in the creek, large areas through which to run and chase balls, and an Agility Training Area.				
					A two-acre small dog/senior dog area is separated from			El Paso County	https://communityservices.elpasoco.co
		Bear Creek Dog	El Paso County		the general dog area to provide space for those who wish			Parks Department:	m/parks-and-recreation/bear-creek-dog-
2	Colorado Springs	Park	•		to keep the dog play to a minimum.	Creek/River		(719) 520-7529	park/
	Colorado Springs	I dik		4,000 acre	Cherry Creek covers 4,000 acres. The designated Dog Off-	Creeky Miver		(713) 320-7323	<u>parky</u>
			Colorado State		Leash Area allows dogs to play and explore 107 fenced			Julie Isbill	
		Cherry Creek		•	acres of that land. And Cherry Creek flows through for			(207) 725-5028 O	https://www.thedenverear.com/best-
3	Denver, CO	State Park		dogs	easy access to water.	Creek/River		(207) 449-0053 M	denver-metro-dog-parks/
							Giardia possible?	(===)	
					It appears that the water comes through the park via		https://www.draperutah.gov/Do		
					spring water from Corner Creek . Large and small dog			801-576-6500	https://www.draperutah.gov/1028/Dayl
4	Draper, UT	Dayland Dog Park	City		areas.	Creek/River	Park-water	info@draper.ut.us	and-Dog-Park
								Lee Bollwinkel	
					Creek along trail that dogs can access off leash, but the			Parks Division	
					lake is off limits. This appears to be an open area with			Director	
		Freedom Trail at			dogs allowed all along the trail north of Memory Grove			lee.bollwinkel@slc	https://www.bringfido.com/attraction/
5	Salt Lake City, UT	Memory Grove	City of Salt Lake	Uncertain	Park.	Creek/River		gov.com	<u>2979</u>
								Lee Bollwinkel	
								Parks Division	
								Director	
					Emigration Creek runs through the park. Off leash area			lee.bollwinkel@slc	https://www.bringfido.com/attraction/
6	Salt Lake City, UT	Rotary Glen Park	City of Salt Lake	Uncertain	designated.	Creek/River	not a fenced park	gov.com	10438
					It appears to be along Gore creek . Not much available on				
					City website except: "Both Bighorn and Stephens parks				
					are dog friendly parks and dogs may be off their leash		A patron noted that because it's		hathan 1/2 and hair off do no an lot in the
١.,	V-11 ID	Ctaubaua Davi	M-11		and controlled by voice command, with the exception of	Con all /Discour	not fenced, dogs can run into the		https://www.bringfido.com/attraction/
	Vail, ID	Stephens Park	Vail gov		the playground areas."	Creek/River	nearby road.		<u>3554</u>
	Austin TV				Off-leash area with dammed river access (Colorado		Not forced and includes to the	Cibron Lula	
	Austin, TX;				River). 3 Distinct water access areas, interior walking		Not fenced and includes trails so		http://www.austintouss.so./blos/less/
	Colorado River,	Auditorium			trail, drinking fountain/shower for dogs, large open green		challenges with bike/ped/dog	Hurtado,	http://www.austintexas.gov/blog/leash-
۰		Auditorium	Austin Darks		space, rain garden for water treatment. No fenced in	Crook/Bivor	interaction. Algal Bloom in 2019		
ŏ	Austin, downtown	Shores Dog Park	Austin Parks	4.5 Acres	area.	Creek/River	sickened dogs.	ov, 720-591-6209	mathias-shores-begins-january-25-2016

No.	Location	Park Name	Ownership	Park Size	Type of water access/amenities	Water Body Type	Challenges/Notes	Contact	More Information
9	Casper, WY	Morad Park OLA	City of Casper	Uncertain	Dogs are welcome to join you off-leash in this beautiful unfenced public park. The park features the Platte River Trail, benches, a picnic table, a porta-john, and river access . Morad Park is a natural area. The park is bordered by the North Platte River on the north. The park is not fenced-in and there are no gates along the pathway or for the street entrance. Dogs must be leashed outside the park and signs along the pathway let owners know the boundaries.	Creek/River		Natalie Burgos natalie_burgos@pa rtner.nps.gov, or City (307) 235- 8283	https://casperwy.gov/cms/One.aspx?po rtalid=83540&pageld=119539
10	Corvallis, OR	Willamette Park	City of Corvallis Parks and Rec	287 acres with access to river	Most of the park is designated as "off-leash" for dogs. Dogs are required to be on leash only in the picnic shelter, play ground and soccer field areas. The river has a current so dogs should be good swimmers This park is on the other side of the river from the main	Creek/River	This is a large park with many uses including sports and frisbee. Dogs need to respond by verbal queue or should be	Administrative Office: 541-766- 6918 PRreception@corv allisoregon.gov	https://wagwalking.com/lifestyle/parks/ willamette-park-off-leash-dog-area-
11	Durango, CO	Durango Dog Park	City	6 square miles	area of town along the river. There are no neighboring homes or a shared park area.	Creek/River			https://www.bringfido.com/attraction/ 275
12	Missoula, MT	Jacon's Island Bark Park	Missoula Parks and Rec	6 acres	The Jacobs Island Bark Park, 6 acres at the east end of Jacobs Island Park, has been fenced and double-gated to provide a secure place for owners and their dogs to romp, get the exercise they need and have fun off-leash. access to Clark Fork of river shoreline	Creek/River	The park is bordered by the Clark Fork River and the riverbank is not fenced.	parksrec@ci.misso ula.mt.us	
13	Norfolk, VA	Bea Arthur Dog Park	Run by PETA	1 acre	This 1-acre dog park features a large expanse of lawn, double-gated entrance, a water station, a toy bin, a shaded picnic area, and an easy-access ramp for dogpaddling in the Elizabeth River .	Creek/River		Natalie Burgos natalie_burgos@pa rtner.nps.gov, IL 60607, or 757-622- PETA (7382)	https://spotlight.peta.org/petadogpark/
14	Palisade, CO	Palisade Section River Bend Trail	City of Palisade		Harky's Launch, in Riverbend Park, provides access for rafters to the Colorado River . Dogs can run unleashed from this point west through the Palisade Heritage Area. Dog owners are responsible for their dogs actions, including cleaning up after them.	Creek/River		Palisade Chamber of Commerce: (970) 464-7458	https://www.gjhikes.com/2010/11/palisade-section.html
15	Portland, OR	Sellwood OLA	Portland P&R	1.5 acres	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Creek/River	a few comments about duck poop and "watch where you walk"	503-823-4000	https://www.bringfido.com/attraction/ 564
16	Salt Lake City, UT	Parley's Nature Reserve	City of Salt Lake	87 acres	A river runs the entire length of the reserve and is available for dogs to get in at various locations. At the end of the dirt road, there is a large swimming hole. Dogs and kids enjoy cooling off here during the hot summer months. Dogs are allowed off-leash in designated areas only.	Creek/River		Lee Bollwinkel Parks Division Director lee.bollwinkel@slc gov.com	https://www.bringfido.com/attraction/ 663
17	Southbury, CT	Southbury Dog Park	Land Owned by O&G industries, managed by volunteers	14 acres	Fenced-in small-dog area, a huge open field, a beautiful and accessible river , two wooded trails, tables and benches, and plenty of poopy bags!	Creek/River		Natalie Burgos natalie_burgos@pa rtner.nps.gov, OR (203) 262-0600 (town of Southbury)	https://southburydogpark.net

No	. Location	Park Name	Ownership	Park Size	Type of water access/amenities	Water Body Type	Challenges/Notes	Contact	More Information
								Natalie Burgos	
					The Sandy River Delta Park trail system consists of a			natalie_burgos@pa	
		1,000 Acre Dog		1	thousand acres of off leash trails that lead to the Sandy			rtner.nps.gov, or	// 6 1 /
١.,		Park/Sandy River		in Sandy	River where your dog can wade or swim. Walk or hike for	0 1/0:		USFS (503) 695-	https://www.fs.usda.gov/recarea/crgns
18	3 Troutdale, OR	Delta System	Service	River Delta	hours. Dogs must remain leashed on Confluence Trail.	Creek/River		2372	a/recarea/?recid=29976
					Mary S. Young Park offers a place to walk or sit by the				
				128 acres	Willamette River . About 128 acres, this quiet, forested				https://westlinnoregon.gov/parksrec/m
				with off	park is a favorite for urban birders. Plenty of room for				arv-s-voung-park-0.
					kids to play on the sports fields, a restroom, shelter (that				https://www.bringfido.com/attraction/
10	West Linn, OR	Mary S Young	West Linn PR	area		Creek/River			2942
1.	yvest Lilli, OK	Ivially 3 Tourig	West Lilli Fix	aica	Creeks and Rivers - Unconfirmed		SS		2342
					Creeks and Myers Oncommittee	l leash water Acce]		
			Medford Parks		It is not clear if dogs can access the creek safely or legally.				http://www.ci.medford.or.us/Page.asp?
20	Medford, OR	Bear Creek Park	and Rec	2 acres	, , ,	Creek/River		N/A	NavID=3997
	,				11 1 31	,		,	
				Whole park	The dog park/OLA is separate from the river and there is				https://www.auburnwa.gov/city_hall/p
		Roegner Dog		is 21.25	not direct access. Large and small dog areas. Couldn't				arks arts recreation/parks trails/roegn
2:	1 Auburn, WA	Park	City	acres	confirm if dogs can legally access the river.	Creek/River		N/A	er
					This park is noted as a natural area, undeveloped on the				
					City website. There is no mention of a dog park. The park				
					is located along the Yellowstone River. City appears to be				
					working on a master plan which indicates improvements				https://www.billingsparks.org/park/coul
22	2 Billings, MT	Coulson Park	City	Uncertain	may include a dog park.	Creek/River		N/A	son/
					The dog park/OLA is separate from the river and defined				
					by signed boundaries. The City website says only part of				
					the park is OL during specific hours. It does not appear to				https://www.cityofboise.org/departmen
					include the river, nor is water access listed as a feature on				ts/parks-and-recreation/dogs-off-leash-
23	Boise, ID	Manitou Park	City	Uncertain	a doggie website.	Creek/River		N/A	parks-and-areas/#rules
					The dog park/OLA is separate from the river and there is				
					not direct access. A picture of the dog park sign rules				
		Carnation Dog			online states dogs should be on leash outside the fenced	- 17-1			
24	1 Carnation, WA	Park	City	Uncertain	dog park.	Creek/River		N/A	<u>Dog park signage</u>
					The creek is not part of the deg park and appears to just				
					The creek is not part of the dog park and appears to just run along an area of the park not part of the dog park. No				https://www.cityofgolden.net/city-
21	Golden, ID	Tony Grampsas	City	Uncertain	mention of water amenities on website.	Creek/River		N/A	services/dog-parks/
2:	Joiden, ID	Tony Granipsas	City	Officertaill	This is a sandbar at the confluence of the Colombia and	CICEN/NIVEI		IN/A	<u>services/uog-parks/</u>
					Hood Rivers . It is not managed by the parks district or				
					City and appears to be part of the Port lands. There				
			Port of Hood		appear to be no current off leash regulations or laws				https://portofhoodriver.com/waterfront
20	6 Hood River, OR	Port Marina Park	River	Uncertain	here.	Creek/River		N/A	recreation/
-20	J. LOGG MIVEL, OIL	. S. C Widillia T dik		o.icci tairi		o. co.y mvci		,	https://www.postfallsidaho.org/depart
									ments/parks-recreation/parks/corbin-
2	7 Post Falls, ID	Corbin Park	City	Uncertain	Dogs must be on leash per ordinance	Creek/River		N/A	park/
	. 550 1 4115, 10		U. C.	J. ICCI tuill		J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J		,	<u></u>

Nie	Location	Park Name	Ownership	Park Size	Type of water access/amenities	Matar Bady Type	Challenges/Notes	Contact	More Information
No.	Renton, WA	Cedar River	City	Uncertain	The dog park/OLA is separate from the river and there is not direct access. The City website says specifically that there is not access to the river and dogs must be on leash outside the fenced OLA.	Water Body Type Creek/River	Challenges/Notes	N/A	https://rentonwa.gov/city hall/commu nity services/parks and trails/find a p ark or trail/cedar river dog park/ceda r river dog park rules and f a q
	Roseburg, OR	Happy Trails Dog Park/Templin Beach	City	Uncertain	Happy Tails Dog Park is part of Templin Beach Park and does not have direct river access from the OLA. According to the Park and Rec website, dogs are not allowed off leash in the park and only in the Happy Tails OLA.	Creek/River		N/A	https://www.cityofroseburg.org/storage /app/media/Parks/parks/Happy Tails D og Park.pdf
					Dogs are not allowed off leash in any parks in Roseburg, or in water. Only off-leash area in town is Happy Tails.				https://www.cityofroseburg.org/storage /app/media/Parks/park- rules/City%20Parks%20Rules%20and%2 0Regulations%20from%20Resolution%2
	Roseburg, OR West Linn, OR	Stewart Park Willamette Park	City	Uncertain	Couldn't find info on their website about an OLA here. There is also a Willamette Park in Portland (on that we found conflicting info on. Need more data	Creek/River Creek/River		N/A	<u>0No.%202018-21.pdf</u>
		•			Other Water Bodies - Confirmed		ss		
32	Casper, WY	Lake McKenzie Dog Park	City of Casper	uncertain	The fenced in dog park features a double gated entry at both parking lots, dog drinking fountains, hoses to clean mud off dogs, benches, and a special swimming area in the lake.	Lake	The middle of the park fills with a muddy pond in the spring.	307-235-8400	https://www.bringfido.com/attraction/ 12787
33	Longmont, CO; 7 miles outside of Boulder	Coot Lake	City of Boulder Parks and Recreation	1.2 mile trail around the lake.	Dogs are allowed to swim on the east and south shores only. Dogs are not allowed on the west side or in any of the wetland areas. Dogs are only permitted off-leash if they are registered as participants in the Voice and Sight Tag Program (TAG).	Lake		Ericka Pilcher, ericka_pilcher@np s.gov, 720-527- 3036	https://bouldercolorado.gov/parks- rec/coot-lake
34	Seattle, WA	Magnuson Park	Seattle Parks and Rec	Lake	The Magnuson off-leash area contains 8.6 acres. It is a place where city hounds can romp with buddies in Seattle's biggest fully-fenced back yard for canines. This off-leash area is the only one inside city limits with water access.	Lake	A few negative reviews regarding crime in area and poor	Susan Rosebrough O: 206.220.4121 M: 206.851.1657 susan_rosebrough @nps.gov	https://www.seattle.gov/parks/find/par ks/magnuson-park/off-leash-area
35	Sandpoint, ID	Sandpoint Dog Beach	Public land/ROW	uncertain	Found on railroad and Idaho Transportation Department right-of-way as well as private land, this is a day-use, nofee area. Dog Beach gets its name from the fact that this is a public lake beach that people can legally bring their unleashed dogs for play and a swim.	Lake			https://www.sandpointonline.com/rec/lakeguide/parks.html
36	Boise, ID	Ann Morrison Park	Boise Park and Rec	5.4 acre park	Together Treasure Valley Dog Island is located in the southwest corner of Ann Morrison Park and is a year-round destination for dogs and their owners. The site includes a 5.4-acre active dog area, a fenced "shy dog" area and opportunities for dogs to swim and play in the surrounding pond . Two picnic shelters have been installed along with nine Together Treasure Valley park benches offering ample seating throughout the park.	Pond		(208) 608-7000	https://www.cityofboise.org/departmen ts/parks-and-recreation/parks/ann- morrison-park/

No.	Location	Park Name	Ownership	Park Size	Type of water access/amenities	Water Body Type	Challenges/Notes	Contact	More Information
37	Bozeman, MO	Bozeman Pond Park	City in partnership with Land Trust	uncertain	Bozeman Pond Park has two places for fido to play: a doggy swimming beach and the new Lewis and Bark Park dog park (both enclosed by fencing). The fenced and enclosed area, to include the actual beach itself, on the west side of the Bozeman Ponds and specifically signed for use as restraint-free dog park	Pond			https://www.bozeman.net/Home/Comp onents/FacilityDirectory/FacilityDirector y/191/1863
38	Bozeman, MO	Dog Park at Gallatin	County in partnerships with Land Trust and Non profits		This park is 13 acres of pure off-leash play area complete with a beach and diving dock.	Pond			https://gvlt.org/featured-trails/gallatin- regional-park/
39	Denver, CO	Chatfield State Park	Colorado State Parks and Wildlife	69 acres	Completely fenced open space for your dogs to exercise- including two ponds and miles of paved and unpaved walking trails	Pond		Julie Isbill (207) 725-5028 O (207) 449-0053 M	chatfield state park campground map
40	Nampa, ID	Amity Dog Park	Nampa Parks and Rec	6 acres	Nampa's first dog park presents the perfect occasion for people and pets to interact with others. Handlers and their dogs will enjoy this fully-fenced park with its expansive grassy areas, walking trails, drinking water (for dogs and humans), shade shelters, trees, benches, a swimming pond for dogs, and ample parking.	Pond		Parks Maintenance: 208- 468-5890	https://www.nampaparksandrecreation _org/Facilities/Facility/Details/Amity- Dog-Park-3
41	Westminster, CO	Westminster Hills Dog Park	Westminster P&R	420 acres	This Westminster park is a favorite for Denver Metro dog owners. It offers 420 acres between Colorado Hills Open Space and Standley Lake North Open Space Park with a dog drinking fountain, a dog swimming pond, benches and shade. Be aware that this area is only partially fenced so make sure your dog responds well to voice commands.	Pond		303-658-2400	https://www.citvofwestminster.us/Park sRecreation/Parks,TrailsOpenSpace/We stminsterHillsOff-LeashDogPark
	King County, WA	Marymoor OL Dog Park	City of King	40 acres	"Doggy Disneyland", as it is locally dubbed, Marymoor Park is best known for its 40-acre off-leash dog area.	Slough		Corita K. Waters o. 202.354.6908, c. 202.641.7377, Corita_Waters@np s.gov	https://www.kingcounty.gov/services/parks-recreation/parks/parks-and-natural-
43	Eugene, OR	Alton Baker Park	Eugene Park and Rec	4 acres	The park has a lot of water fountains and in the summer, local volunteers bring in wading pools and metal water bowls for the dogs to use	Wading pools	The river is across from the park for dogs to access but it's unclear if they can legally be off leash. Pictures show dogs in water off leash by some submitters on Google.	Ph: 541-682-4800	https://wagwalking.com/lifestyle/parks/ alton-baker-dog-park
44	Independence, OR	Independence Dog Park	Volunteers	2 acres	The dog park is next to the river , but there is not direct access to the river from the park. Reviewers say there are often plastic pools with water in them during the summer for play.	Wading pools			https://www.facebook.com/Independe nceCommunityDogPark/

What follows is a presentation that documents all twenty sites analyzed as potential dog off-leash river access locations. The presentation provides details on the evaluation factors, as well as the challenges with each of the identified sites.

Off-Leash
Dog Water
Access
Deschutes River



SITE EVALUATION
UPDATED - MAY 2021



Process

- Identified 20 potential off-leash dog water access sites along the Deschutes

 16 permanent locations and 4 seasonal locations
- Utilized 11 criteria to evaluate the sites
- Evaluated sites and divided into two categories
 Recommended includes seasonal and permanent opportunities
 Not Recommended includes seasonal and permanent opportunities
- Evaluated projects with BPRD leadership and staff; discussed with DogPAC, focus group, board and public

Evaluation Criteria

- · River Current and dog safety: slow, moderate, fast and any characteristics that impact dog safety
- Existing bank material: soil, vegetation, riprap, seawall, etc.
- River Width: narrow, moderate, wide
- Bank Slope: gradual, moderate, steep
- Current streamside habitat condition: none, poor, moderate, good (consider access point and immediate surroundings)
- ESA Critical Habitat: yes, no
- · Parking Availability / Ease of Access: low, medium, high
- Potential conflict with other visitors: distance from parking to OLA, congestion, kids, etc.
- Existing level of dog use: low, moderate, high
- Proximity to neighboring properties: describe distance from neighbors upstream, downstream, across river
- Project Complexity: low, moderate, high
- Notes: dog safety concerns, etc.

Summary of Project Sites

Recommended

Riverbend Park - Upriver of Existing Dog River Access

Not Recommended

Columbia Park

Drake Park – Existing Beach (Seasonal)

Farewell Bend Park - Canoe Access

Farewell Bend Park - Cedarwood

Farewell Bend Park – Existing Beach (Seasonal)

Farewell Bend Park - Under Bill Healy Bridge

Farewell Bend Park - Upriver of Bill Healy Bridge

First Street Rapids Park - River Left

Not Recommended

First Street Rapids Park - River Right

Harmon Park

McKay Park River Access - Existing Beach (Seasonal)

Miller's Landing Park

Miller's Landing Park - Upriver of Park

Pacific Park

Pioneer Park

Riverbend Park - Existing Beach (Seasonal)

Riverbend Park – Near Bill Healy Bridge

River Rim Park

Sawyer Park

Recommended Project Site

Riverbend Park – Upriver of Existing Dog River Access Recommended: Permanent

PRO/CON EVALUATION

Pros	Cons
Wide river width	Requires removal of healthy habitat
Adequate parking	Critical habitat area
Easy to access	Proximity to private property
Moderate current	Costly and complicated



Not Recommended Sites

Columbia Park

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Healthy vegetation
- Limited parking
- Narrow river channel
- Neighborhood park
- Space constraints
- Steep slope



Drake Park – Existing Beach

Not Recommended: Seasonal

CHALLENGES

- Conflict with adjacent uses
- Create additional erosion
- Limited parking
- User conflicts



Farewell Bend Park - Canoe Access

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Concerns expressed by regulatory bodies
- Critical habitat area
- Downriver private property
- Steep slope

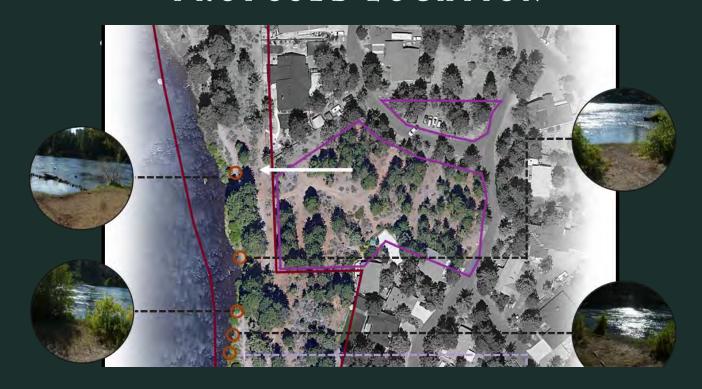


Farewell Bend Park - Cedarwood

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Adjacent residential uses
- Fast current
- Healthy riparian vegetation
- Limited parking



Farewell Bend Park – Existing Beach Recommended: Seasonal

CHALLENGES

- Critical habitat area
- Downriver riparian area impacts
- Seasonal
- User conflicts



Farewell Bend Park – Under Bill Healy Bridge

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Abuts critical habitat
- Not district property
- Unwelcoming environment
- Strong current
- Proximity to Riverbend South
 Project



Farewell Bend Park – Upriver of Bill Healy Bridge

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Adjacent residential uses
- Healthy riparian vegetation
- May impact trail
- Proximity to Riverbend
 South Project



First Street Rapids Park – River Left

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Fast current
- Healthy riparian vegetation
- Limited parking
- Space constraints
- Steep slope



First Street Rapids Park – River Right

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Conflict with adjacent uses
- Fast current
- Limited parking
- Space constraints
- User conflicts

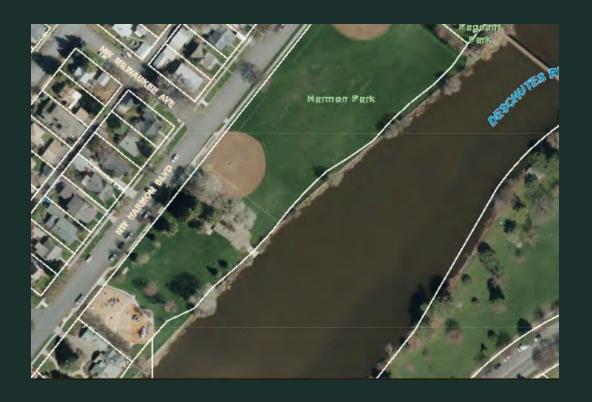


Harmon Park

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Limited parking, all on-street
- User conflicts: already high use for ballfields and playground; other use from buildings, and dock
- Mudflats; would require engineering to eliminate



McKay Park – Existing Beach

Not Recommended: Seasonal

CHALLENGES

- Downriver riparian area impacts
- Increased erosion
- Limited parking
- User conflicts



Miller's Landing Park

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Healthy riparian vegetation
- Impacts to habitat channel
- Proximity to private property, include residential units
- User conflicts



Miller's Landing Park – Upriver of Park

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Healthy riparian vegetation
- Impacts to habitat channel
- Private property
- User conflicts



Pacific Park

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Adjacent residential density
- Conflict with approved project
- Moderate/fast current
- Costly and complicated
- Low level of existing dog use
- Potential for dogs to be swept under Portland Avenue bridge



Pioneer Park

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Costly and complicated
- Conflict with neighboring uses and/or events
- Dam creates possible safety issue
- Impact to historical character of park
- User conflicts



Riverbend Park – Existing Beach

Recommended: Seasonal

CHALLENGES

- Critical habitat
- Downriver riparian area impacts
- Seasonal
- User Conflicts

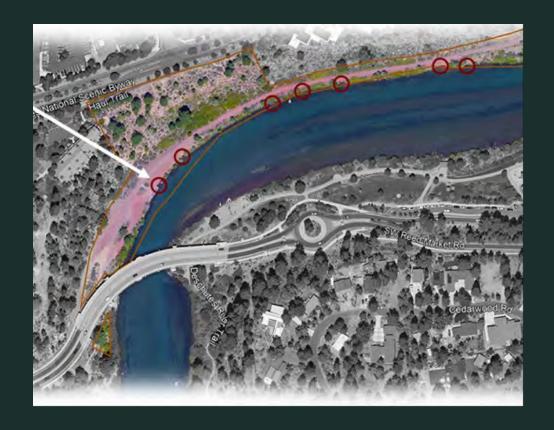


Riverbend Park – Near Bill Healy Bridge

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Critical habitat area
- Impact to restoration project
- · Long walk from parking lot
- Strong current
- User conflicts

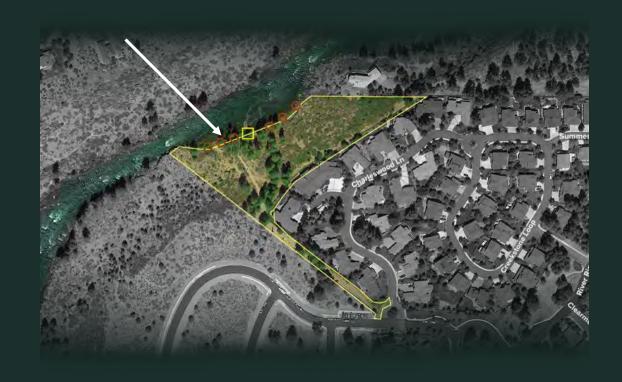


River Rim Park

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Adjacent residential area
- Healthy riparian vegetation
- Limited parking
- Rapids
- Steep slope



Sawyer Park

Not Recommended: Permanent

CHALLENGES

- Fast river current/proximate rapids
- Long walk from parking lot
- Narrow river corridor
- Preeminent birding area





APPENDIX 8

PROJECT-SPECIFIC MAPS

River Rim Park

Project

- 5 Consolidate access/protect habitat
- **6** Enhance experience
- 7 Modify trail





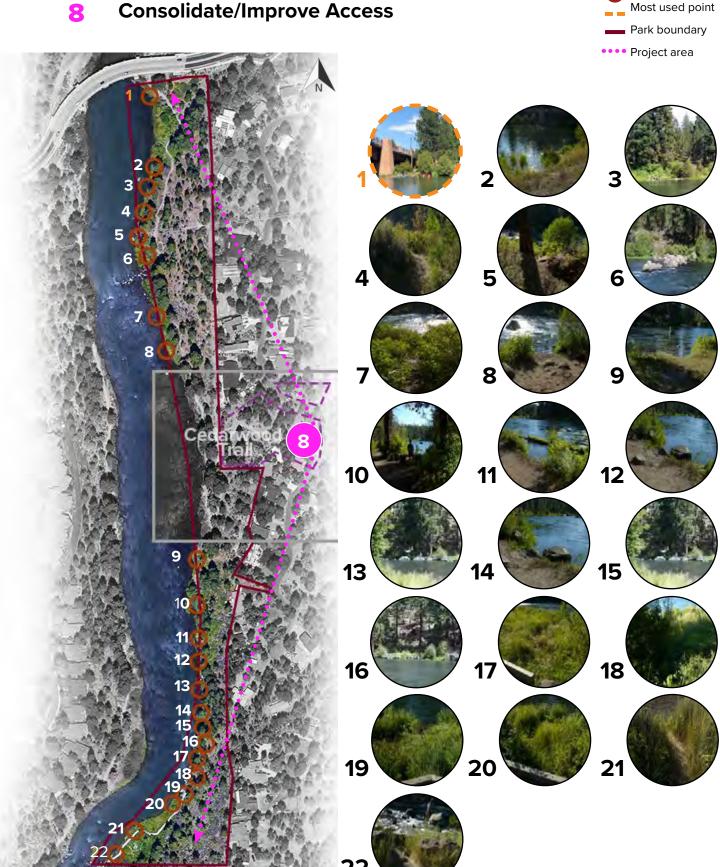
Farewell Bend Park- South

Designated

User created

Project

Consolidate/Improve Access 8

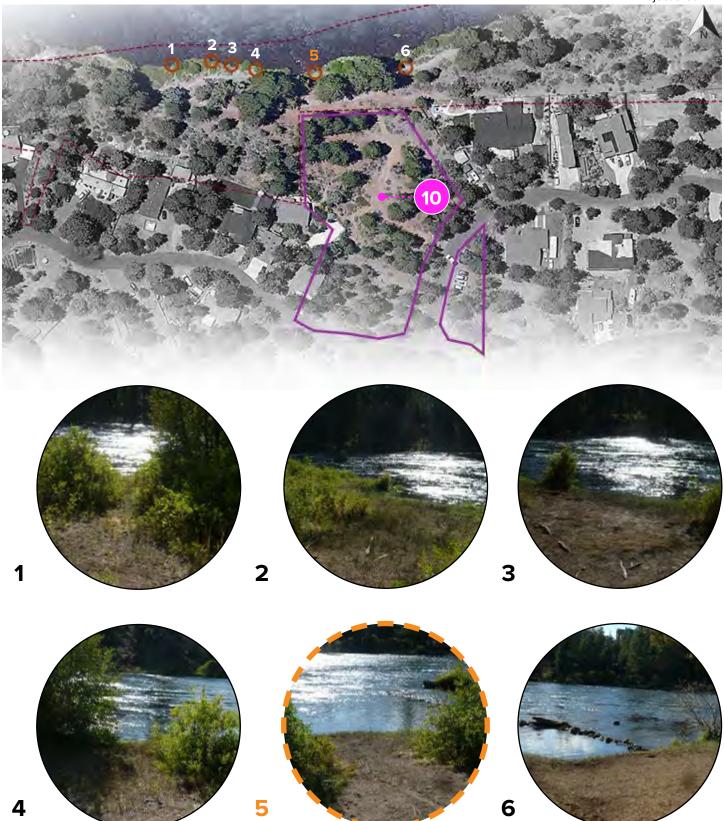


Farewell Bend Park- Cedarwood Trail

Project #

10 Trail access

Designated
User created
Most used point
Park boundary

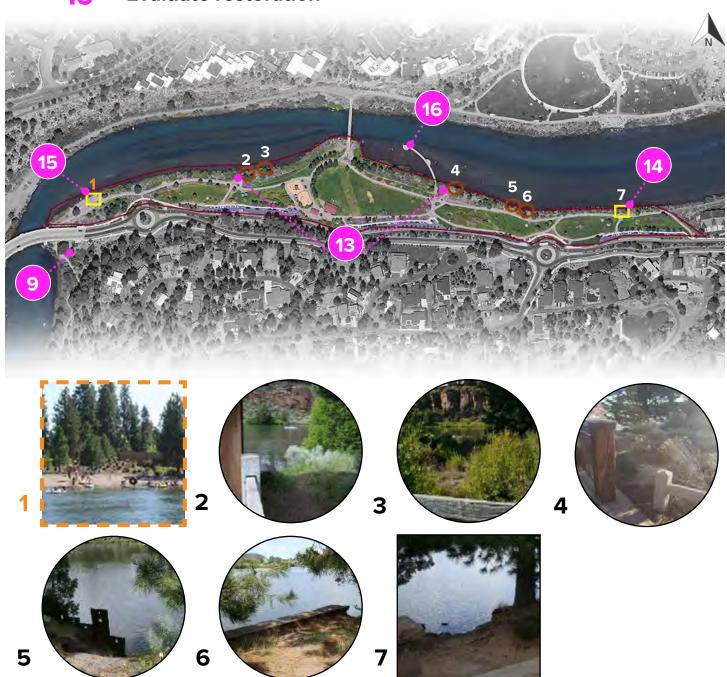


Farewell Bend Park- North

Project

- 9 Trail access
- **13** Habitat restoration
- 14 Improve access
- **15** Beach enhancements
- **16** Evaluate restoration





Riverbend Park- North

Project

- 17 Improve beach accessibility
- 18 Off-leash dog water access









McKay Park

Project

- 19 Plant trees
- 20 Improve accessible access



•••• Project area







Miller's Landing Park

Project

21 Refine access



•••• Project area







Columbia Park

Project

Refine access









Harmon Park

Project

23 Improve dock



•••• Project area

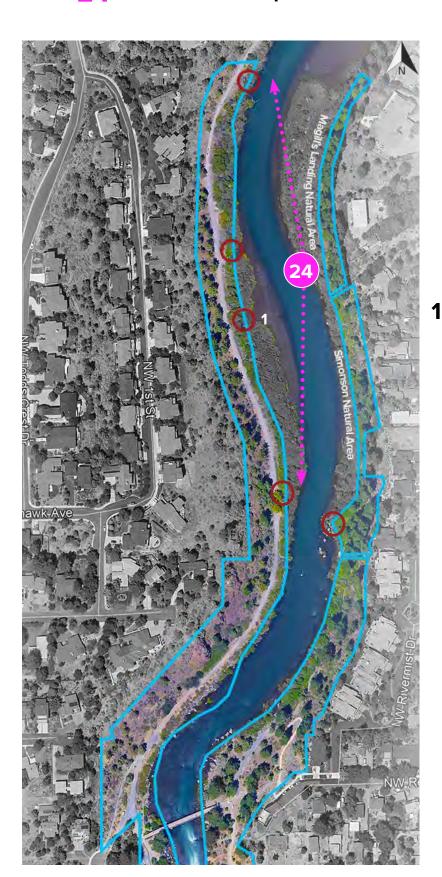




First Street Rapids Park- River Left

Project

24 Close access points





Designated

User created

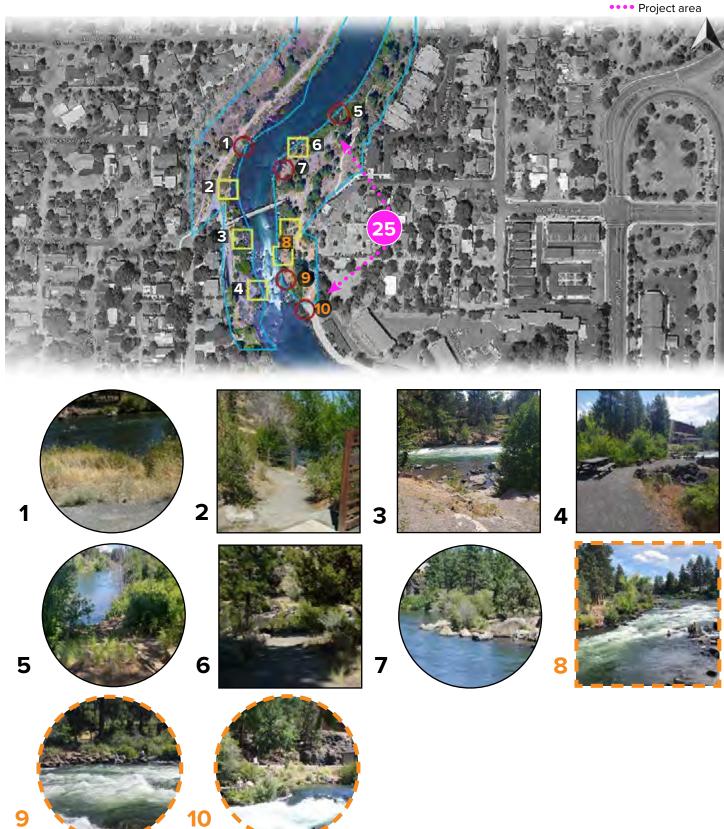
Most used point
Park boundary

First Street Rapids Park- River Right

Project #

25 Consolidate/Improve Access





Sawyer Park- South

Project

26 Consolidate/Improve Access









Sawyer Park- Central

Project

27 Consolidate/Improve Access



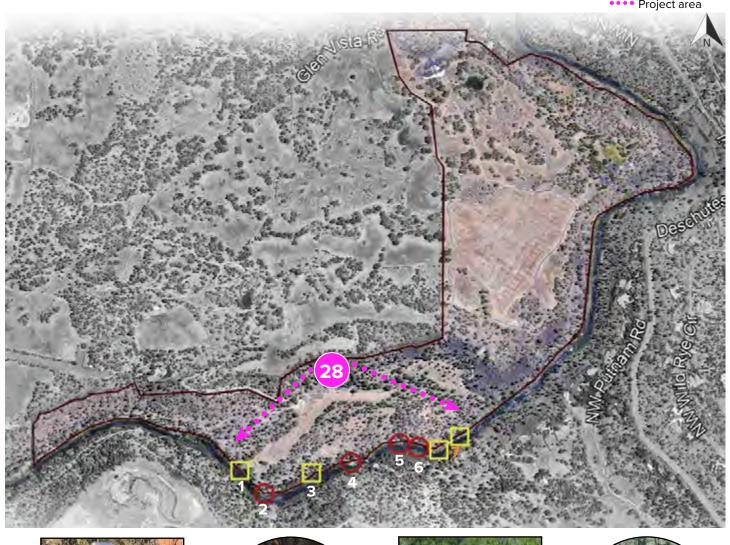


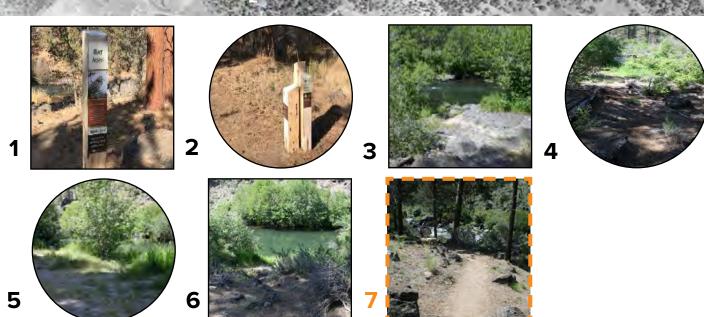
Riley Ranch Nature Reserve

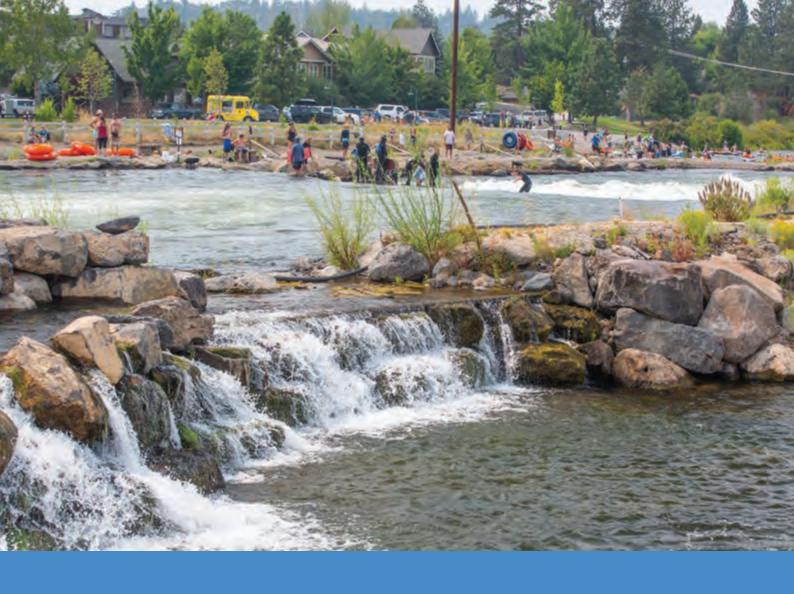
Project #

28 **Create access**

Designated User created Most used point Park boundary







APPENDIX 9

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

Introduction

The Deschutes River Access and Habitat Restoration Plan (plan) is a comprehensive planning level document that identifies 27 projects for implementation along the Deschutes River corridor between River Rim Park to the south and Riley Ranch Nature Preserve to the north. Given the nature of the plan, the project concepts are not highly developed, and will be further developed during the implementation phase of the plan. Based upon the highly conceptual level of details for each project available within the plan, the following regulatory framework has been developed to help guide permitting for these projects during the implementation phase.

Regulatory Agencies with Potential Permitting Authority

What follows is a list of agencies that may have permitting requirements for projects within the plan. As noted above, given the highly conceptual nature of the projects, exact permitting requirements will be determined on a project-by-project basis. Of note, this section of the Deschutes River is outside of the State Scenic Waterway and its permitting requirements. As such, those permitting requirements are not discussed below.

- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Administers Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, which requires approval prior to discharging dredged or fill materials into the "waters of the United States" and adjacent wetlands, and ensures compliance with section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.
 - Joint Permit— Wetlands and waterways in Oregon are regulated by the USACE and Department of State Lands. Both of these agencies require submittal of a joint permit application describing the project in detail including its purpose and need. The information submitted for the joint permit is the same for both agencies, but they have completely separate regulatory programs and issue their own permits.
 - Section 404 permit: Dependent upon the scope of the project, a Nationwide or Individual 404 permit will be required for projects that will requiring dredging or fill. The USACE manages these 404 permits in coordination with the Department of State Lands as noted in the bullet above.
 - Compliance with Section 106 of the Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) if a project site may affect Native American cultural sites, the project must proceed through the consultation process with the USACE and applicable Native American Nation. If the project could have an "adverse effect" the USACE initiates consultation with the State Historic Preservation Office and the Tribes and prepares a "Memorandum of Agreement" to mitigate the adverse effects or to submit a research design to mitigate adverse effects through proper recovery.

Regulatory Framework 1

- Oregon Department of State Lands (DSL) Administers the State Removal-Fill law for work in waters of the State and ensures compliance with the State Historic Preservation Office
 - Joint Permit Wetlands and waterways in Oregon are regulated by the USACE and Department of State Lands. Both of these agencies require submittal of a joint permit application describing the project in detail including its purpose and need. The information submitted for the joint permit is the same for both agencies, but they have completely separate regulatory programs and issue their own permits. For DSL, applicants proposing to move, remove or fill material in waters of the state will be required to obtain an Individual Permit or a General Authorization.
- State Historic Preservation Office Ensures compliance with Section 106 of the Historic Preservation Act
 - o **Joint Permit** if a project site may affect Native American cultural sites, the project must proceed through the consultation process with the USACE and applicable Native American Nation. If the project could have an "adverse effect" the Corps initiates consultation with the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) and the Tribes and prepares a "Memorandum of Agreement" to mitigate the adverse effects or to submit a research design to mitigate adverse effects through proper recovery. In addition, if the project may affect historic structures, the project must move through the consultation process with USCE and SHPO. Specifically, local agencies have a responsibility to consult with the SHPO when project scope involves ground disturbance on non-federal public lands or the project scope involves work on non-federal publicly owned buildings or structures.
- **US Fish and Wildlife (USFWS)** provides consultation for species listed under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA)
 - USFWS Consultation review: Section 7 of the ESA given that some of the project areas are home to the Oregon Spotted Frog (a federally listed threatened species), USACE consultation with the USFWS may be required through the Joint Permit review pursuant to the requirements of Section 7 of the ESA.
- Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Administers 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) and their authority for this is delegated by the Environmental Protection Agency
 - WQC ensures the project complies with relevant sections of the Clean Water
 Act and Oregon's approved water quality standards, programs and policies. This review is required for projects that may result in any discharge into the waters of

- the United States. The information provided to DEQ for its review is the same as for the Joint Permit, but DEQ can ask for additional information. The USACE cannot issue an Individual Permit (through the Joint Permit Process) unless the project receives WQC.
- 1200C construction permit that authorize discharges in Oregon (excluding trail trust and reservation lands) for projects in excess of one acre, or projects that are smaller than one acre, but that are part of a collective project that will exceed one acre.
- Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) provides oversight for in-water work fish passage criteria and wildlife habitat conservation. Their consultation may be required for some of the projects within the plan.
- **City of Bend** the City of Bend will have permitting authority for the projects though the City's Municipal Code and State Building code.
 - Water Overlay Zone (WOZ) The WOZ (2.7.600) ensures conservation and enhancement of natural resource values of areas along the Deschutes River. The WOZ includes the following sub-zones: Riparian Corridors, Deschutes River Corridor Design Review, River Corridor Areas of Special Interest and Flood Plains. Many parcels within the WOZ are affected by more than one sub-zone and many of the projects within the plan will be subject to WOZ permitting requirements. As such, a discretionary WOZ permit will be required for many projects within the plan. The Bend Development Code (4.1.600) includes two levels of development permitting for properties along the Deschutes River within the WOZ, and the required type of WOZ permit will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis:
 - Type II Limited land use decision/permit, administrative review by the Development Services Director
 - Type III Quasi-judicial, Planning Commission
 - Building Permits a ministerial permit may be required for some projects, including those that have structures, pathways and other elements subject to permitting by the Uniform Building Code
 - Right-of-Way Permit a ministerial right-of-way permit will be required for any work in the City of Bend right-of-way or within a public easement.
 - Grading Permit a ministerial grading permit is required for clearing and grading activities related to construction, demolition and site development.
 - Drainage Permit a ministerial drainage permit is required when a project may alter runoff patterns to demonstrate that the proposed project will adequately treat and dispose of stormwater.

National Environmental Policy Act

In addition to these permitting requirements, there is the potential for some projects within the plan to trigger the need for National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review. NEPA is intended to disclose potential environmental impacts of projects and is required for federal projects or projects that receive federal funding. In the event that one of the projects in this plan receives federal funding, NEPA review may be required.